Integrated Management System for Temporary Road Impairment (SIGIVT)

A proposal for reducing accidents linked to human psychophysical factors VI International Conference on European Traffic Policies 2014

Dr. Josep Serra Tarragón High Resolution Center: ABS Vilaseca / FCAUS Health and Social Network Sta. Tecla Camp de Tarragona Health Area



9 05 2014, 21:22 H km 3.5 of the provincial road BA-051 BADAJOZ, SPAIN.

PSYCHOPHYSICAL HUMAN FACTOR!!

Is a Management System for Temporary Road Impairment required?



Grounds for the SIGIVT proposal

- The human factor accounts for 90% of road accidents
- Disease/ prescription drugs = 12-20%
- Very high social and personal cost in avoidable/preventable accidents.
- It is a matter for Public Health
- Focus-Strategic Plans National/Regional/EU Traffic

Medical condition and accidents

PATIENT DISEASES ARE THE CAUSE OF 12.7% OF TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

Juan Carlos GONZÁLEZ LUQUE General Traffic Directorate F. Javier. ÁLVAREZ GONZÁLEZ Valladolid University



Australia (Austroads Research Report, APR389-11) http://www.austroads.com.au/

http://www.dgt.es/revista/num212/pdf/revista-trafico-y-seguridad-vialnumero-212-completa.pdf

The SIGIVT: the truth of primary care

- Patient aged 54/3 children/2 unemployed family members
- Employed as a driver (minibus)
- 1st episode of arrhythmia not serious: ER/hospital admission
- Follow up visits every 20 days (temporary impairment)
- Has had temporary recurrences (drove to ER)
- Next license renewal in 2 years



Microbuses.com.es

Question: When can I go back to work?

Current problems

- Visit to cardiology unit: proposed RF ablation
- Supplementary tests: 3 months
- Takes dangerous drugs and drives
- RF ablation outcome.... (healing)??
- Authorization to drive: 3m post ablation
- Drives own vehicle to come to primary care
- MATEPSS requests reports from MAP
- HR press him to return (dismissal threats)
- The Provincial Traffic Department knows nothing! ...



Optimainfinito.com

"I want to get back to work! I'll take care of myself, after all, I will likely be dismissed..."

Tabla 2. Enfermedades con influencia en la seguridad vial						
Condición sobre la que actúa	Efecto que producen	Enfermedades				
Capacidad intelectual y cognitiva	Alteraciones en la conciencia	 Trastornos cardiovasculares: arritmias, infartos, embolias Enfermedades metabólicas no controladas: diabetes mellitus, hipertensión arterial Trastornos del sueño: hipersomnia, apnea del sueño 				
Aptitud psicológica y mental	Alteraciones en el psiquismo	 Esquizofrenia y otros trastornos psicóticos Trastornos de la personalidad: agresividad Depresión mayor, retraso mental, demencia, trastornos disociativos Aclicción a alcohol y drogas: delirium 				
Condiciones físicas y capacidad de coordinación	Capacidad visual	 Enfermedades degenerativas progresivas: cataratas, glaucor Retinopatía diabética o hipertensive, degeneración macular, Defectos severos de AV, campo visual, motilidad palpebral y globo ocular 				
	Capacidad auditiva	 Hipoacusias con pérdida superior al 45% con o sin audifono 				
	Capacidad motora	 Trastornos de la sedestación, trastornos progresivos neuromusculares Epilepsia, crisis convulsivas Trastornos neurológicos: accidentes isquémicos, neuropatías centrales y periféricas 				
	Aparato respiratorio	 Alergias, disneas severas 				
	Trastornos oncológicos	 Neoplasias y tratamiento quimioterápico 				
	Trastomos hematológicos	 Leucemias, anemias, policitemias, trombopenias, trastornos de la coagulación 				
	Nefropatías	 Insuficiencia y transplante renal 				
	Endocrinopatías	 Patología tiroidea γ paratiroidea Patología adrenal (Cushing, Addison, feocromocitoma) 				
	Alteraciones del equilibrio	 Vértigos, mareos 				
Fuente: Magro Server ²⁰	Elaboración propia					

Recommendations on road safety/medication and driving. Ramirez Puerta D, Gomez Peligros A, Redondo Margüello E. SEMERGEN – AP/FAES FARMA 2013

Tabla I. Enfermedades y conducción		
Enfermedad	Conducción	Tiempo de restricción
Arritmias	No	3-6 meses tras la estabilización
Cardiopatia isquémica	En función de la gravedad	3 meses postinfarto agudo de miocardio
Revascularización	No	1 mes
Insuficiencias cardiacas de grado III/IV	No 🔇	Permanente
Miocardiopatias, endocarditis, pericarditis	No	Hasta su resolución
Cirugía de prótesis valvulares	No	3 meses
Flebitis superficial, trombosis venosa profunda sintomática y safenectomías	No	2-4 semanas
Hipertensión arterial	Sf, salvo complica- ciones agudas	
Diabetes mellitus mal controlada y al inicio del tratamiento	No	Hasta estabilización y control
Obesidad severa	Desaconsejada	
Tippide stars (1	

IT'S NO USE IF NOBODY DETECTS PROBLEM/ADVISES/NOTIFIES

Anemias con nemoglobina entre 8-10 g/dl	NO	Hasta su recuperación de cifras de hemoglobina
Epilepsia con tratamiento continuado y agresivo	No	Tras un año sin convulsiones o pérdida de conocimiento, se podrá conducir con un informe favorable del neurólogo. En caso de una única crisis epiléptica no filiada o por tóxicos, el tiempo recomendado es un periodo de 6 meses sin crisis
Trastornos de la personalidad, antisociales, ansiosos severos, maníacos y depresivos no controlados	Na	
Vértigo	No	Hasta su resolución en fase aguda, o hasta 6 meses después de su resolución en los vértigos crónicos recurrentes
Cirugia de cataratas	SI	
Cirugia refractaria y tratamientos con láser	No	48 horas después
Visión monocular y diplopía	No	
Fuente: Elaboración propia		

Recommendations on road safety/medications and driving. Ramirez Puerta D, Gomez Peligros A, Redondo Margüello E. SEMERGEN – AP/FAES FARMA 2013

Degree of road health prevention

- <u>Primary prevention</u>: detect/minimize accidents relative to impairment (healthcare)
- <u>Secondary prevention</u>: report <u>event</u> if there is almost an accident/road control (agents-healthcare)
- <u>Tertiary Prevention</u>: in case of accident, avoid new ones! (cause research, healthcare)

THE FIVE PILLARS OF PESV (ROAD HEALTH PREVENTION) 2014-2020 SCT

PILLAR 4. "Interdepartmental cooperation and shared responsibility between all public and private actors

HEALTHCARE/HOME AFFAIRS/JUSTICE/WORK

PILLAR 5 "Improving road safety for vulnerable users and controlling major risk behaviours

- Concerning the driving-alcohol/prescription drugs combination, the aim is to achieve a reduction in the number of positive police checks on the road network. Whereas with alcohol there has been a generally favourable trend in recent years, the same cannot be said for the cases of drugs and/or psychotropic drugs.

PEDESTRIANS INCLUDED!

http://infotransit.gencat.cat/ca/infotransit-14/seccions/a-fons/el-pla-estrategic-deseguretat-viaria-2014-2020



Systems in force in Catalonia for Medical Management at CatSalut - CTTI (TIC): 1- Electronic prescriptions in Catalonia (Rec@t) S.I.R.E. (2009-2011)



http://www.gencat.es:8000/salut/depsalut/pdf/eseh2.pdf

2 – System plan of the Catalan Institute for Medical and Health Assessments (ICAM). S.I.G.I.T. (2007-2012)

SIGIT (a system already existing)

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Presentation of data from a SIGIT event (SIGIT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM)

SIGIVT/SIGIT similarities

The SIGIVT model would imitate and capture the essence of the SIGIT in Occupational Temporary Disability allowing to know in real time (roadside) the process in which a specific driver is (road health status)

Its inception, follow up and resolution are similar to the SIGIT model for communication between CatSalut, INSS and ICAMS regarding Temporary Impairments.

Main goals of SIGIVT I:

- Intervention/monitoring in psychophysical intercurrent processes between periodic reviews. Primary Prevention.
- Model the organization integrated with all actors involved in the management of ROAD IMPAIRMENT.
- Create electronic medical records of Temporary Road Impaiment (e-IVT)
- Provide and streamline the exchange of information
- Ecological: eliminate the use of paper in requests for assessment/resolutions regarding driving licenses

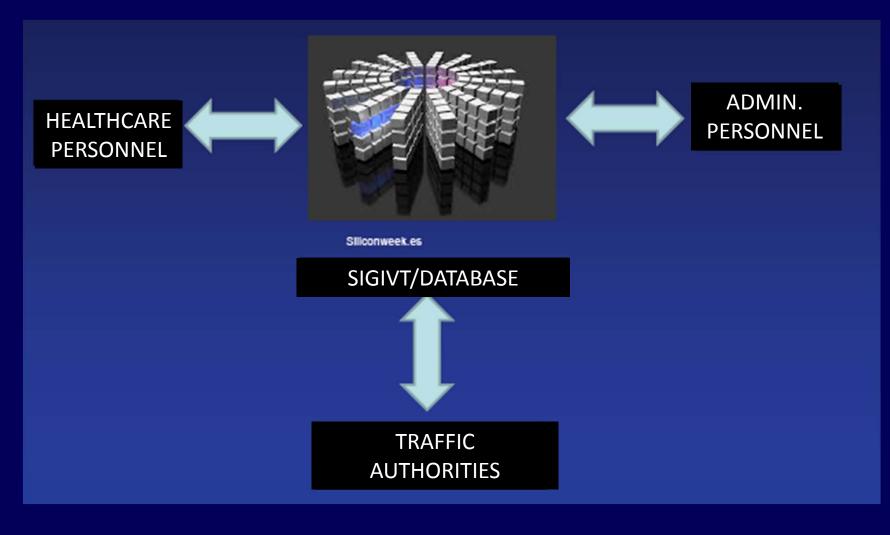
Main goals of SIGIVT II:

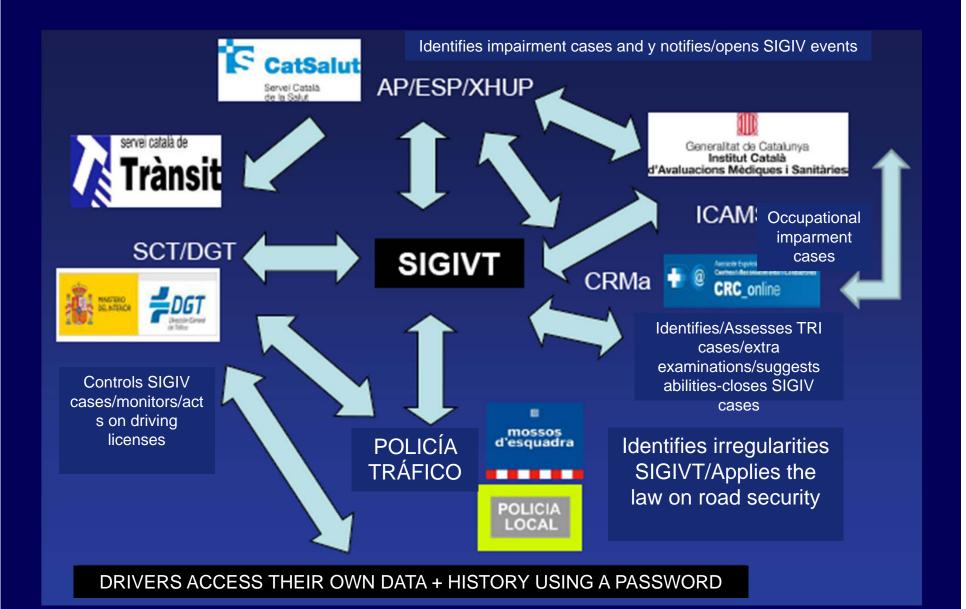
- Information regarding online IVT
- Encourage the use of public transport (sustainability)
- Assist investigators in clearing accidents which prime suspect is the human factor. Secondary/tertiary prevention.
- Balance between: safety/mobility
- Promote the role of the primary care and other specialty physicians in road safety
- Export the model to other regions or even to Europe
- Exploitation by statistical analysis
- <u>Pave the way for future single electronic road medical</u> records (shared) CRM/SNS

Basic principles of the System:

- the primary care/specialty physician or other agents with access to the SIGIVT become sentinels and triggers – detectors of the circuit (and approved CRMs)
- CRMs exploit their potential as reviewers TARGETING the reason for assessment (directed review).
- The SCT, with the help of the Regional/Local Police, controls the application of the regulation and acts
- The SIGIVT manages electronically in real time the whole procedure until the end of the temporary road impaiment(TRI) event.

Basic model of operation NETWORK





FLOWCHART / SIGIVT

Circuit I SIGIVT

ACTIVATION: HEALTHCARE PERSONNEL: HOSP/AP-CSM-CAS-ICAM, MATEPSS

OPPORTUNIST DETECTION VP-VE / ADMISSION TO HOSP/ER/CHECK UP

PATHOLOGY RISK STANDARD PACK/ CODED TREATMENTS

OPENING OF SIGIVT EVENT/ NOTIFICATION TO AUTHORITIES REGIONS/DGT/CME/LOCALP

CASE DIRECTED TO CRMA X TERM

ABILITY EVALUATION ADDRESSED TO CRMA (TEMPORARY ROAD IMPAIRMENT)

CLOSING/RESOLUTION OF EVENT



ACTIVATION: AUTHORITIES (INTEGRATED CONTROLS/ACCIDENTS) SUSPECTED INVOLVEMENT OF HEALTH/TOXIC SUBSTANCES

ADDRESSING CASE TO CRMA X TERM ADDRESSING CASE TO AP X TERM

OPENING OF SIGIVT EVENT/NOTIFYING AUTHORITIES

<u>CONCEPT OF</u>

SPECIAL MANAGEMENT DRIVER

- CHARACTERISTICS:
- HIGH POTENTIAL **RISK** TO OTHERS (ADR-PUBLIC TRANSPORT). SECURITY
- MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME: DRIVING. DAMAGES
- IMPLICATIONS:
 - CLINICAL IMPAIRMENT MANAGEMENT FACILITATION
 - DILIGENCE OF SIGIVT EVENT PROCEDURE (TERMS)
 - PRIORITIZE RETURN TO ABILITY

Temporary impairment (TI) overlaps TRI NOT ALL TI IMPLIES TRI OR VICEVERSA BUT MOST TI IMPLIES TRI

Clinical Data Protection

Minimal clinical information restricted to traffic area

 Levels of access restriction according to personnel(medical–non medical)

• KEY use of the pass/fail terminology

Levels of access to SIGIVT

 Catsalut/CRMa/ICAMS = keywords for SIGIVT access: CIE 10 codes

• DGT/SCT/CTTI/CME= competence

• Driver: consultation of electronic road record

Level of authorities: SIGIVT e – stations CME/P LOCAL (SRCO)-112



SRCO-112



INTEGRATION IN SIGME

- REGIONAL POLICE (ME)

INTEGRATION IN SIPC

- LOCAL POLICE

Areas: SRCO/112

- Integral Controls (prevention)
- Performance in road accidents (info)
- Research of accidents (court)

SIGIVT / e-ESTACIÓ AGENTS DE TRÀNSIT PATALLA 1 informativa

SIGME

DATA 00/00/00- ID AGENT (REGISTRE PWD)

NIVELL I - ACCÉS RESTRINGIT no medic

DADES CONDUCTOR

DADES PERMIS CONDUCCIÓ

VIGÈNCIA DESDE 00/00/00 - TIPUS A,B,C...

PROPERA REV MEDICA 00/00/00

DADES VEHICLE

APTITUD (ESV)-ESTATUTS DE SALUT VIÀRIA

APTE

Selecció de re Localitzados 9 -5 Cartografia 9 Punts d'interès 9 Croquis Informes 9 MD ∇ Certes 112 6 Titularitati Canal (ChOI Altres V MOCEOE PPLL Gestionsda: V No - Si

PENDENT DE REVISIÓ APTITUD (NO ES PERMET CIRCULACIÓ FINS DICTAMEN)
NO APTE (IVT) EPISODI NUM X
NO APTE PERMANENT

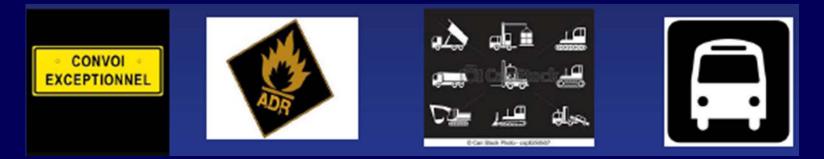
APTE AMB RESTRICCIO DE TIPUS X

NO PRESENTAT A REV DIA 00/00/00

DATA REV : 00/00/00

Pilot plan

Phase 1: Prioritization in high-risk drivers due to:– Serious consequences in case of accident:



Pathology/toxic substances more impact and more unpredictable







www.revespcardiol.org

www.ojocientifico.com

www.Fundacionunam.org

Pilot plan

Phase 2:

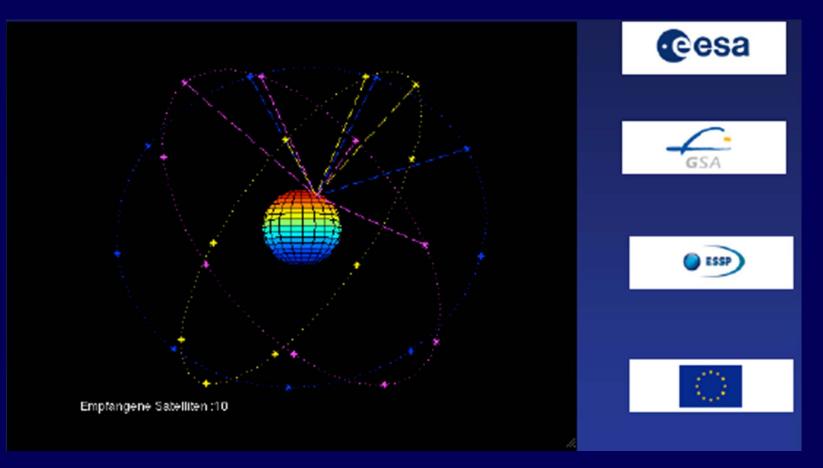
Extension to other moderate-risk groups:

- Drivers with high accumulation of mileage
- Long-term inter-current severe disease (weeks-months)
- Comorbidity ESV
- Professional drivers

Discussion/conflict points

- Handling of clinical data to non-physicians
- NO impairment of physician-patient relationship (road education first)
- Regulated by law: medical qualification required to open precautionary files.
- Economic or social impact of stricter TRI control measure. Risk/benefit of disabling cost vs damages resulting from accidents.
- Feasible Applicability:
 - Highly dangerous disease
 - Serious consequences

THE FUTURE... GALILEO



http://www.satellite-navigation.eu/ SIGIVT: INSERTION IN CONTROL SYSTEM APPLICATIONS WITH BLOCKING SMART CARDS

Thank you for your attention