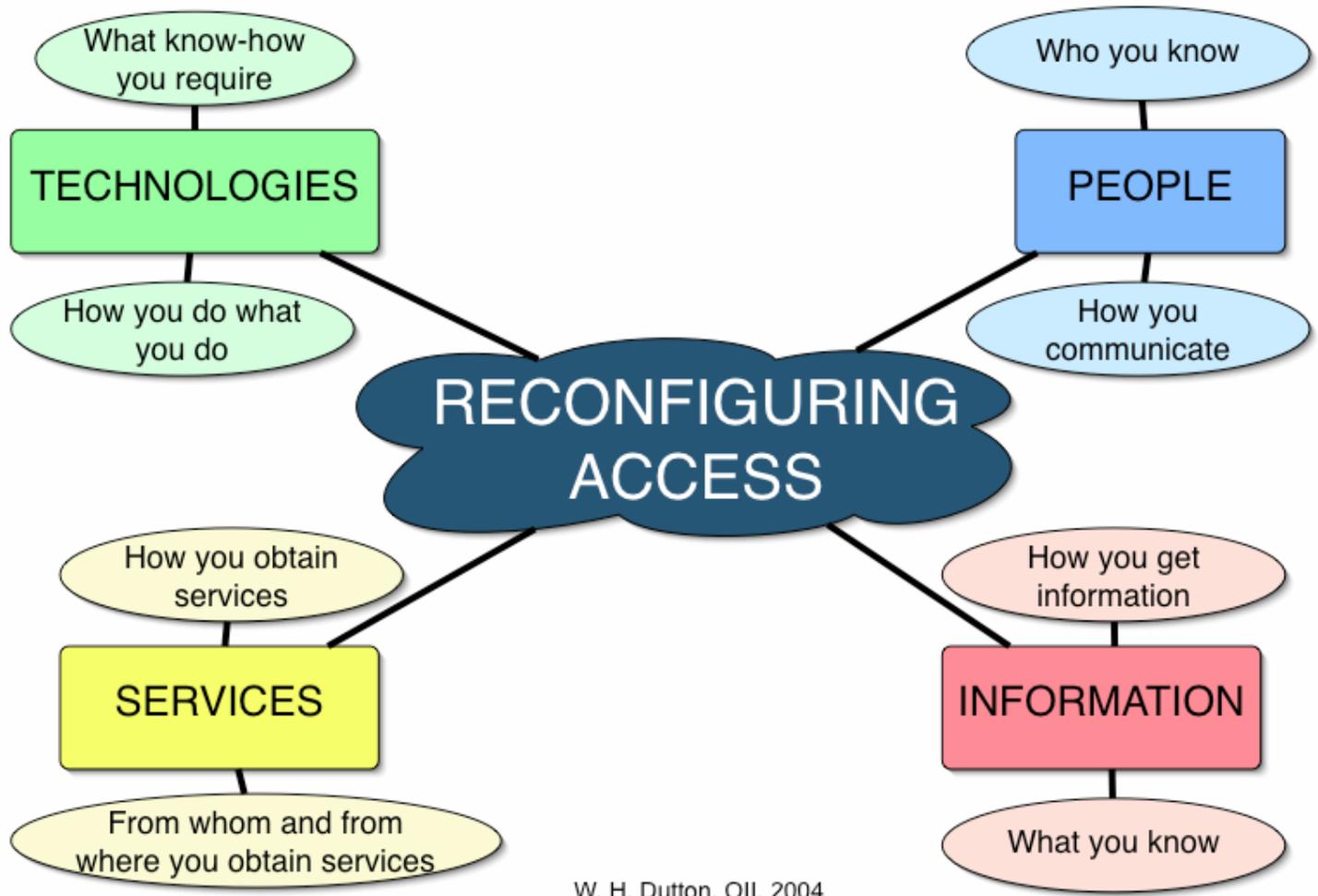


Government, Citizens and Innovation: Directions for Research on eGovernance

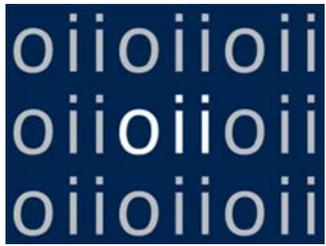
William Dutton

Oxford Internet Institute
www.oii.ox.ac.uk





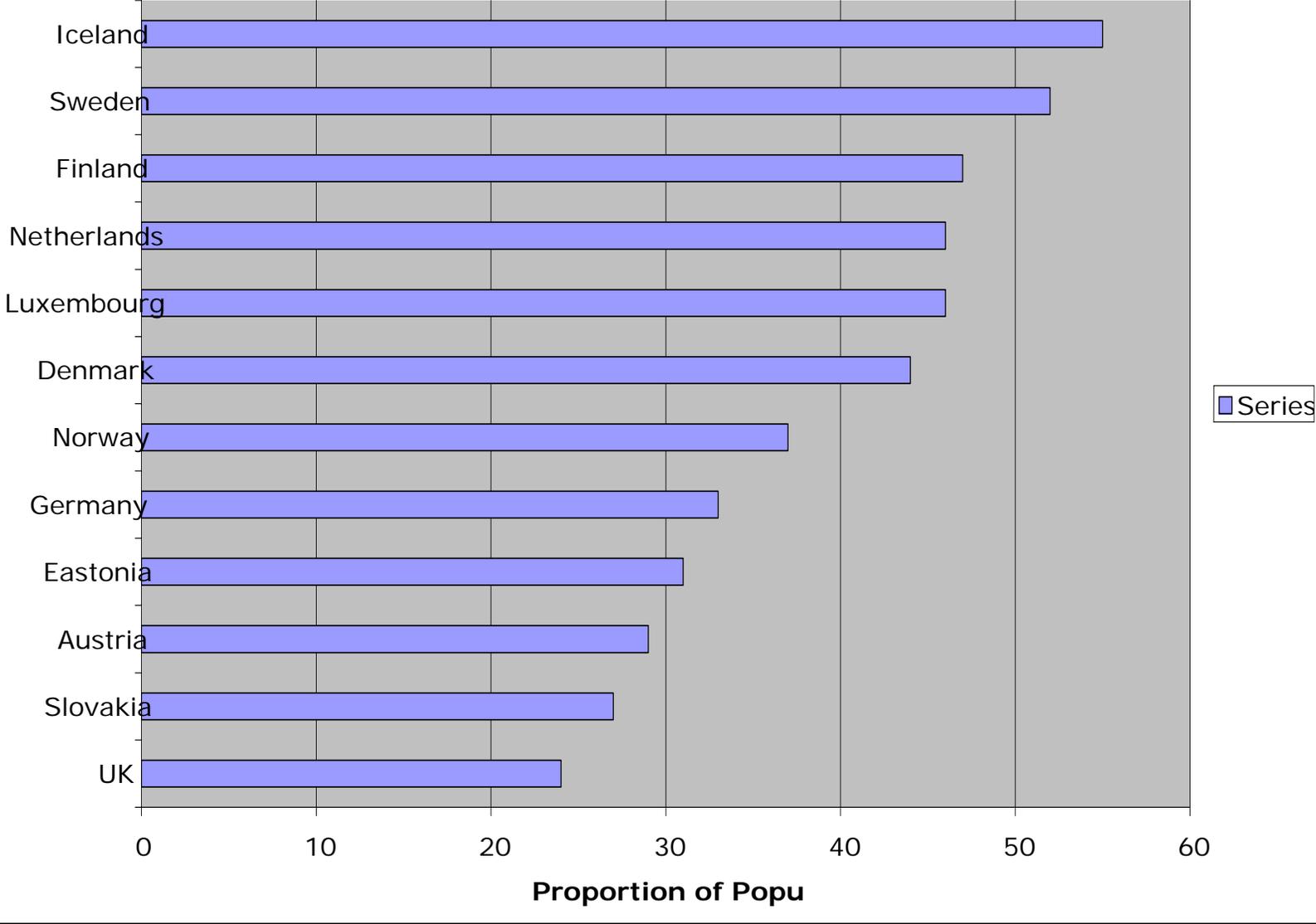
W. H. Dutton, OII, 2004



eGovernance

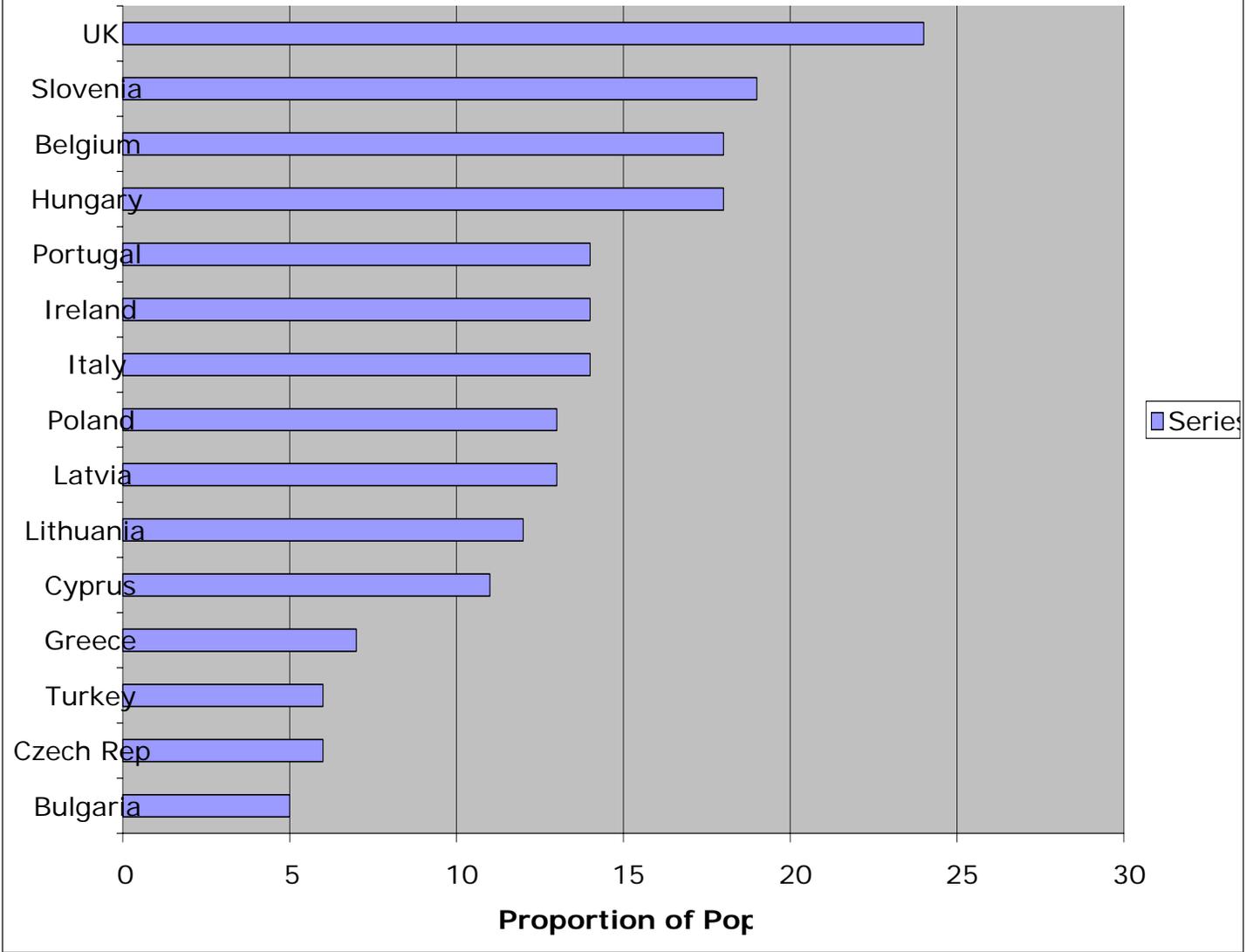
- Electronic Government
- eGovernment, eDemocracy
- Government on the Web
- Structure of eGovernment
- Use

eGovernment Take-up,



Source: EU Commission

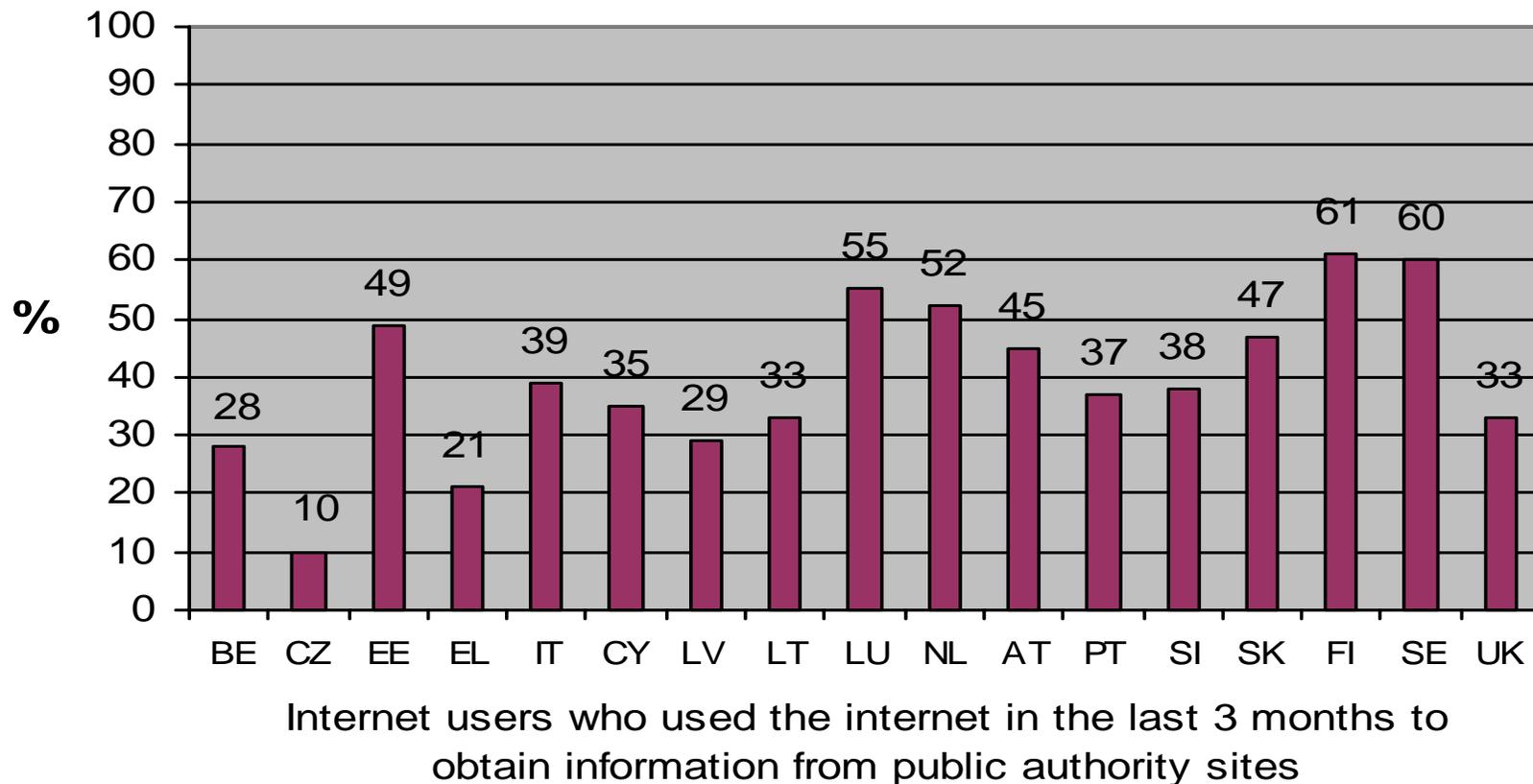
eGovernment Take-up



Source: EU Commission



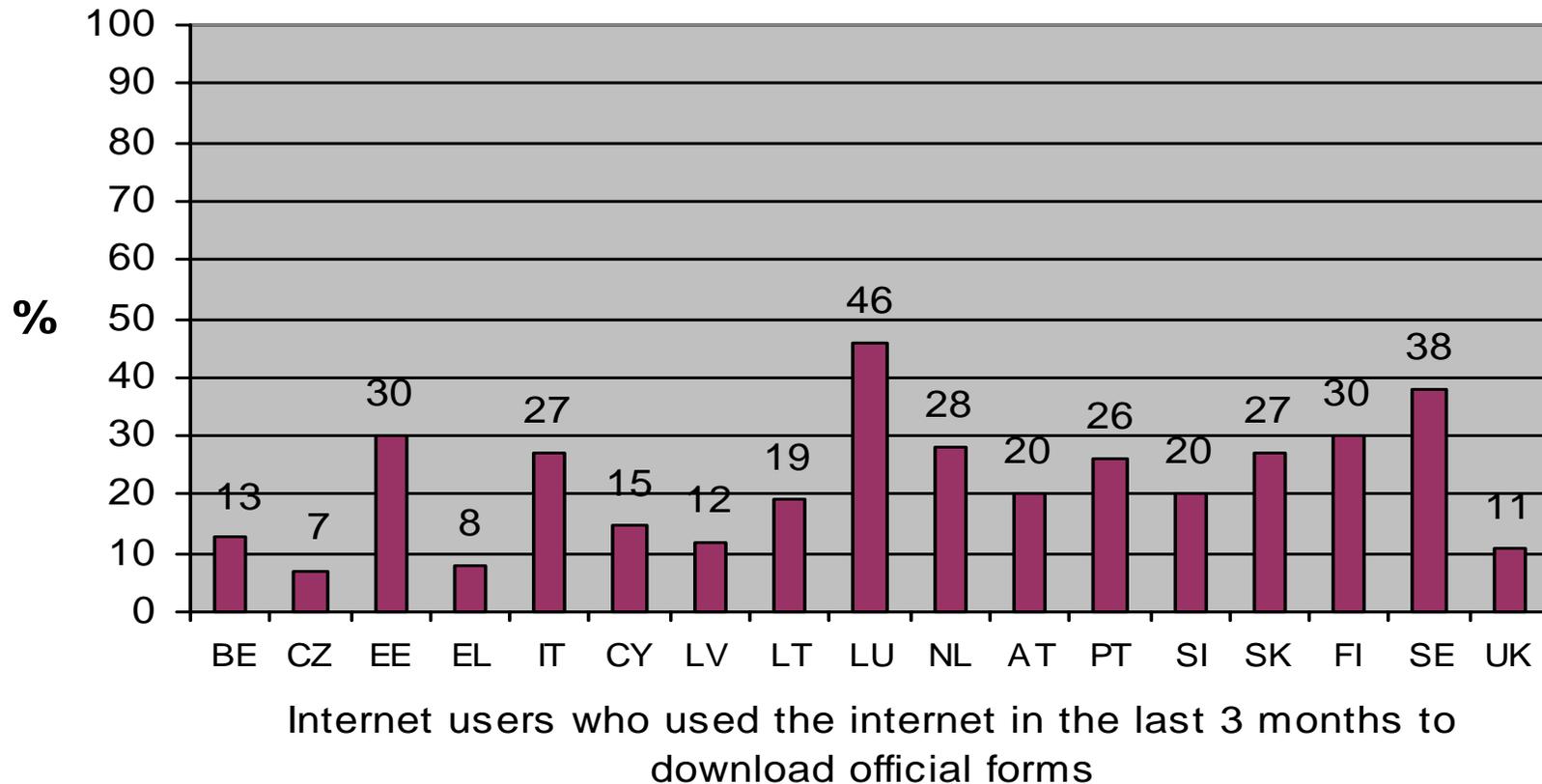
Internet users interacting with public authorities (obtaining information)



Source: Eurostat 2005



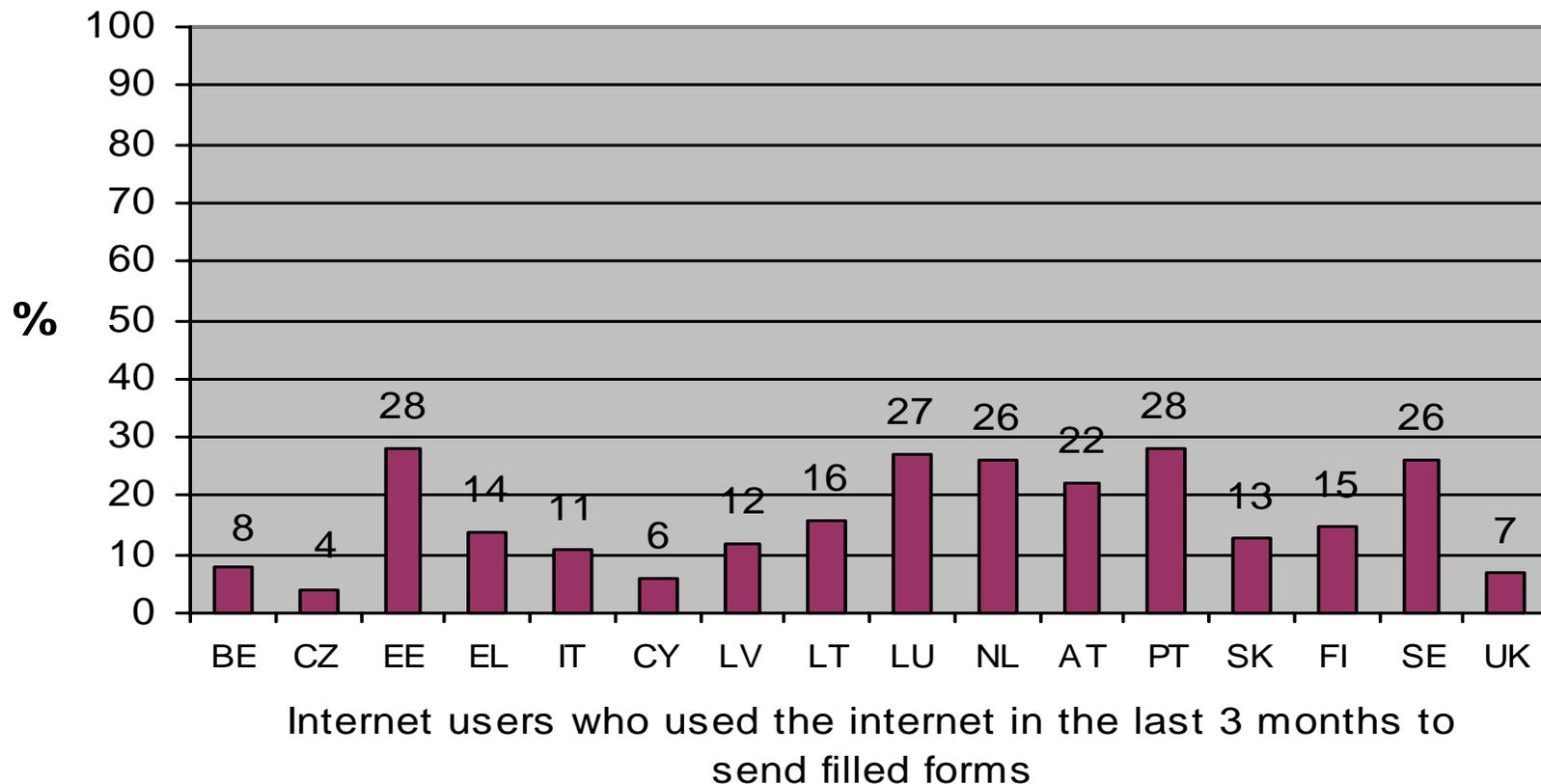
Internet users interacting with public authorities (downloading official forms)



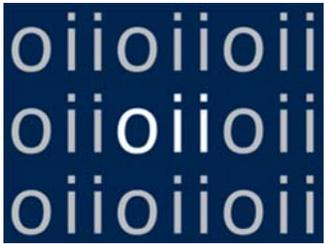
Source: Eurostat 2005



Internet users interacting with public authorities (sending filled forms)



Source: Eurostat 2005



Breaking Barriers to eGovernment: Overcoming Obstacles to Improving European Public Services

A Modinis Study, eGovernment Unit, DG Information Society
and Media, European Commission





Breaking Barriers Project

- What are the legal, organisational, technological and other barriers to effective e-Government?
- Partners:
 - Oxford Internet Institute, University of Oxford, UK
 - Gov3, London, UK
 - Tilburg Institute for Law, Technology, and Society, University of Tilburg, Netherlands
 - CRID the Research Centre for Computer and Law, University of Namur, Belgium
 - University of Murcia, Spain





Project Approach

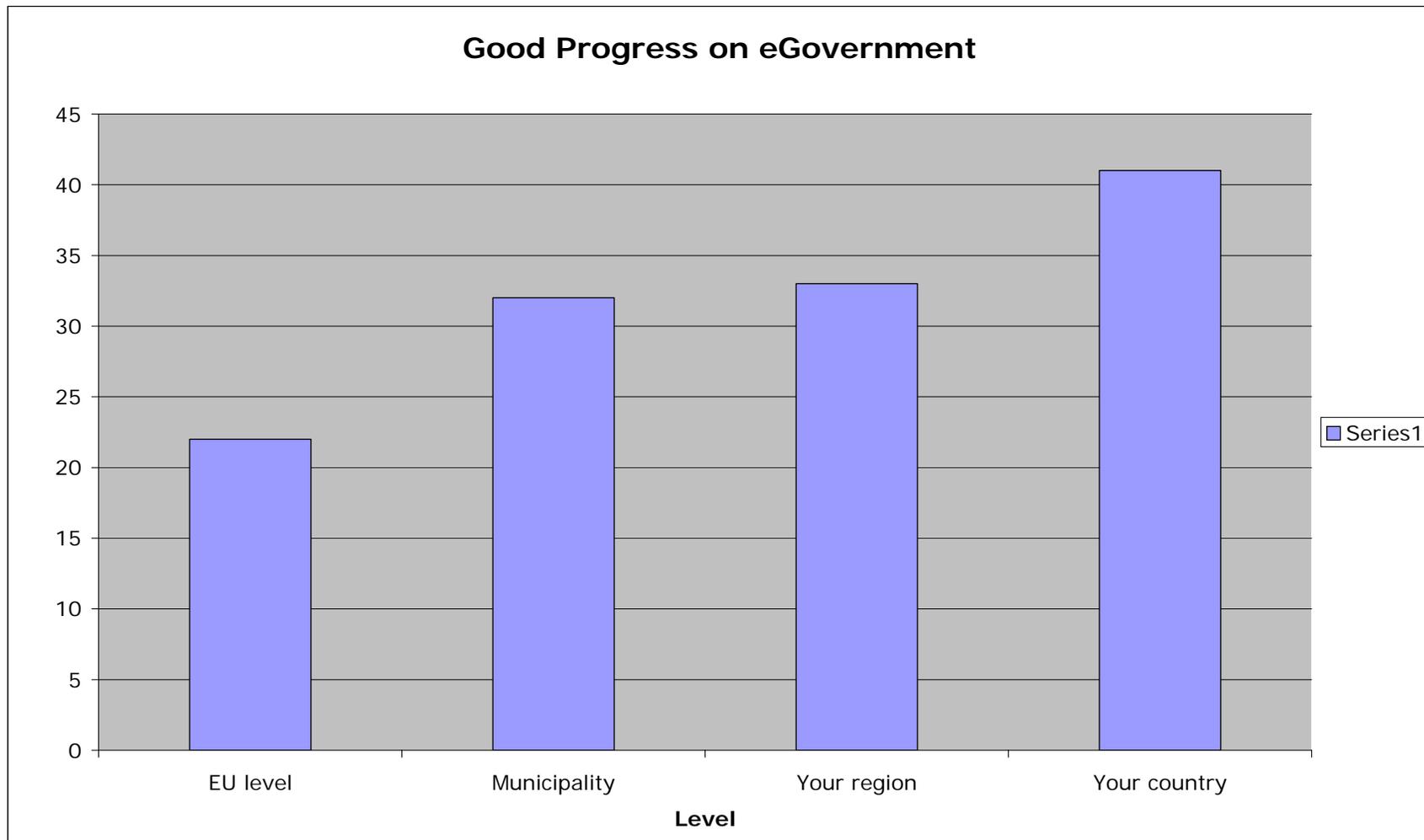
- Review and Synthesis of Studies
- Engagement with the Expert Community
- Website, Wiki, Events
- Survey: Online Web-based Survey
- Interviews
- Embedded Case Studies
- Newsletter

Visit: <http://www.egovbarriers.org>





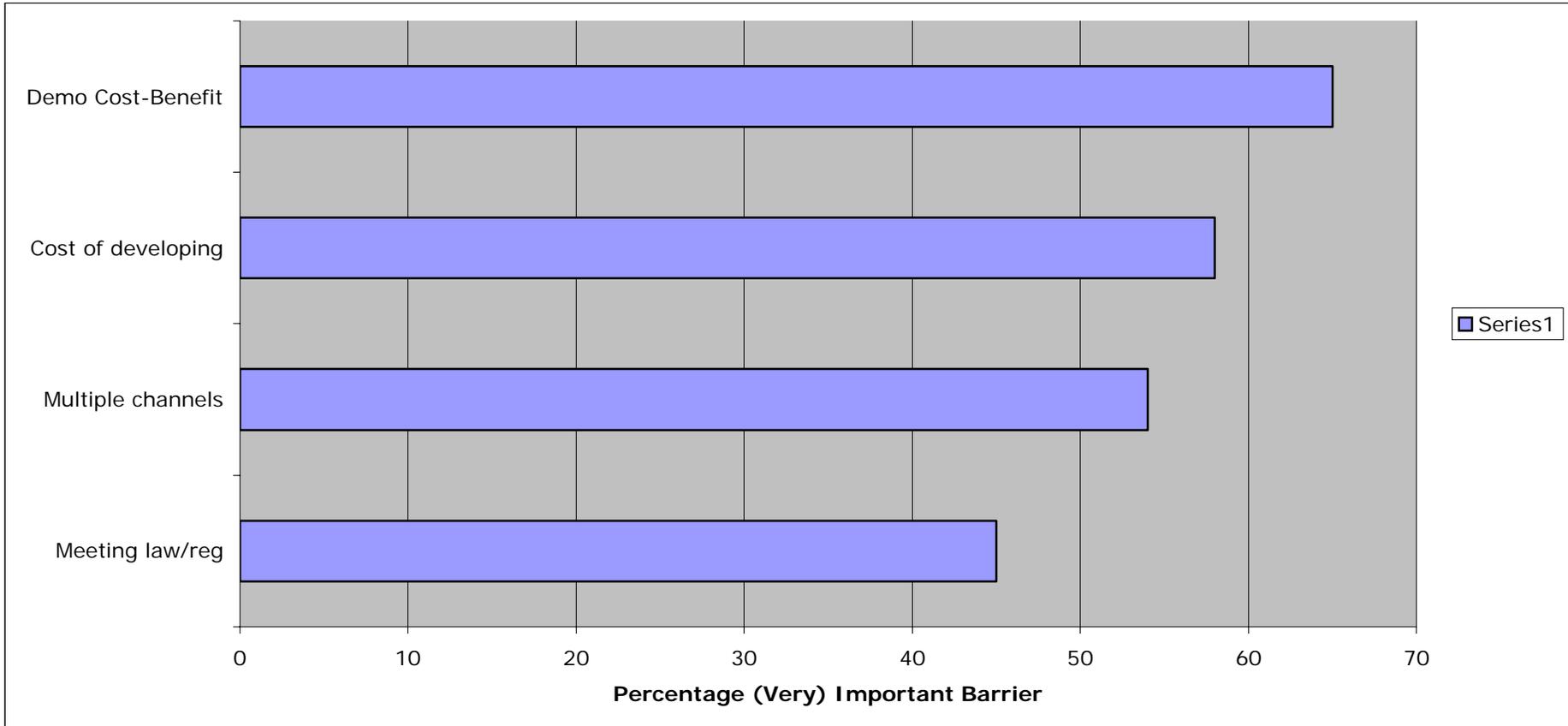
Status of eGovernment



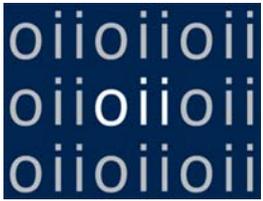
Preliminary results: Early respondents to Web survey, N = 560



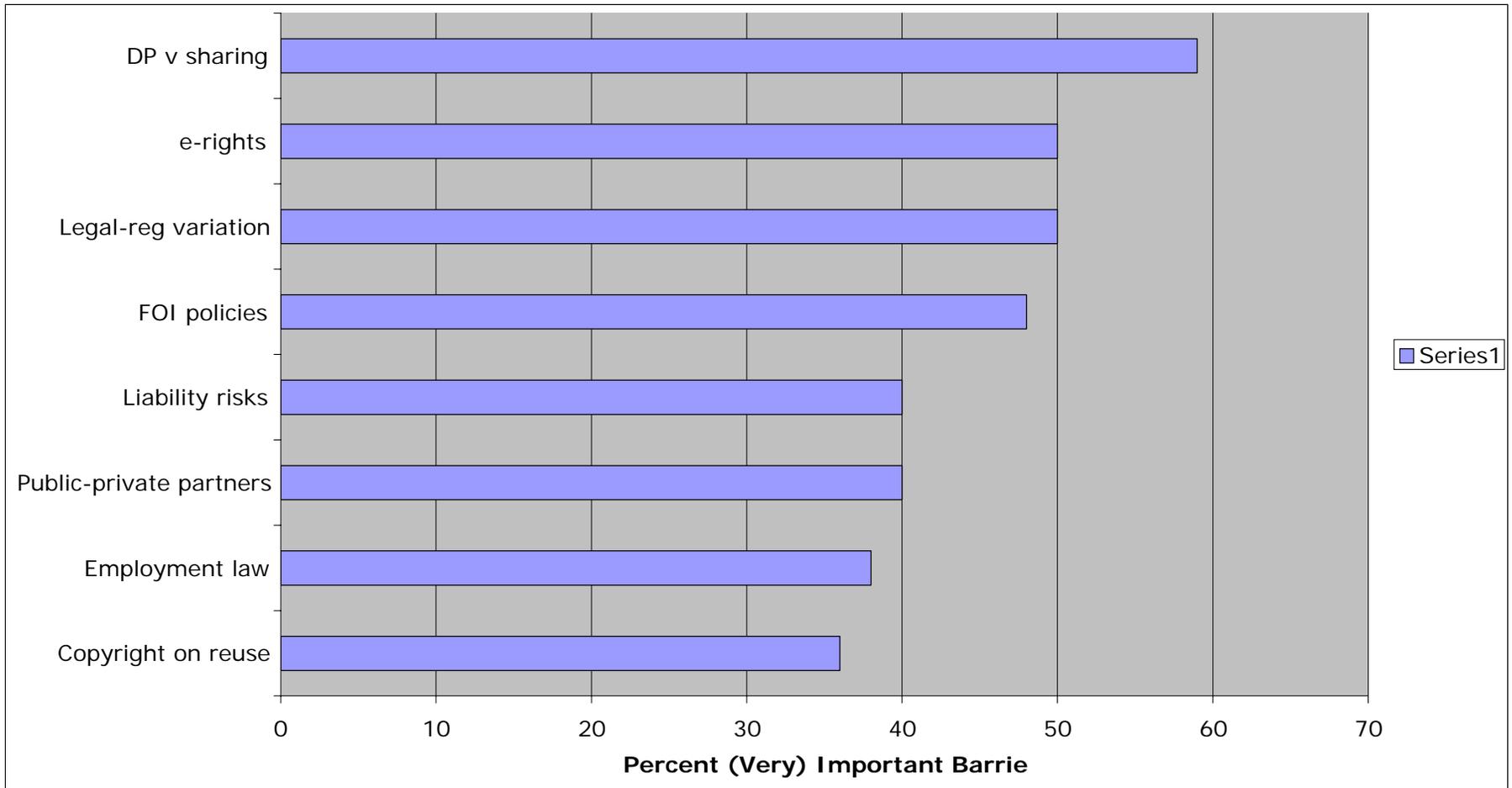
Financial, Economic Barriers



Preliminary results: Early respondents to Web survey, N = 560



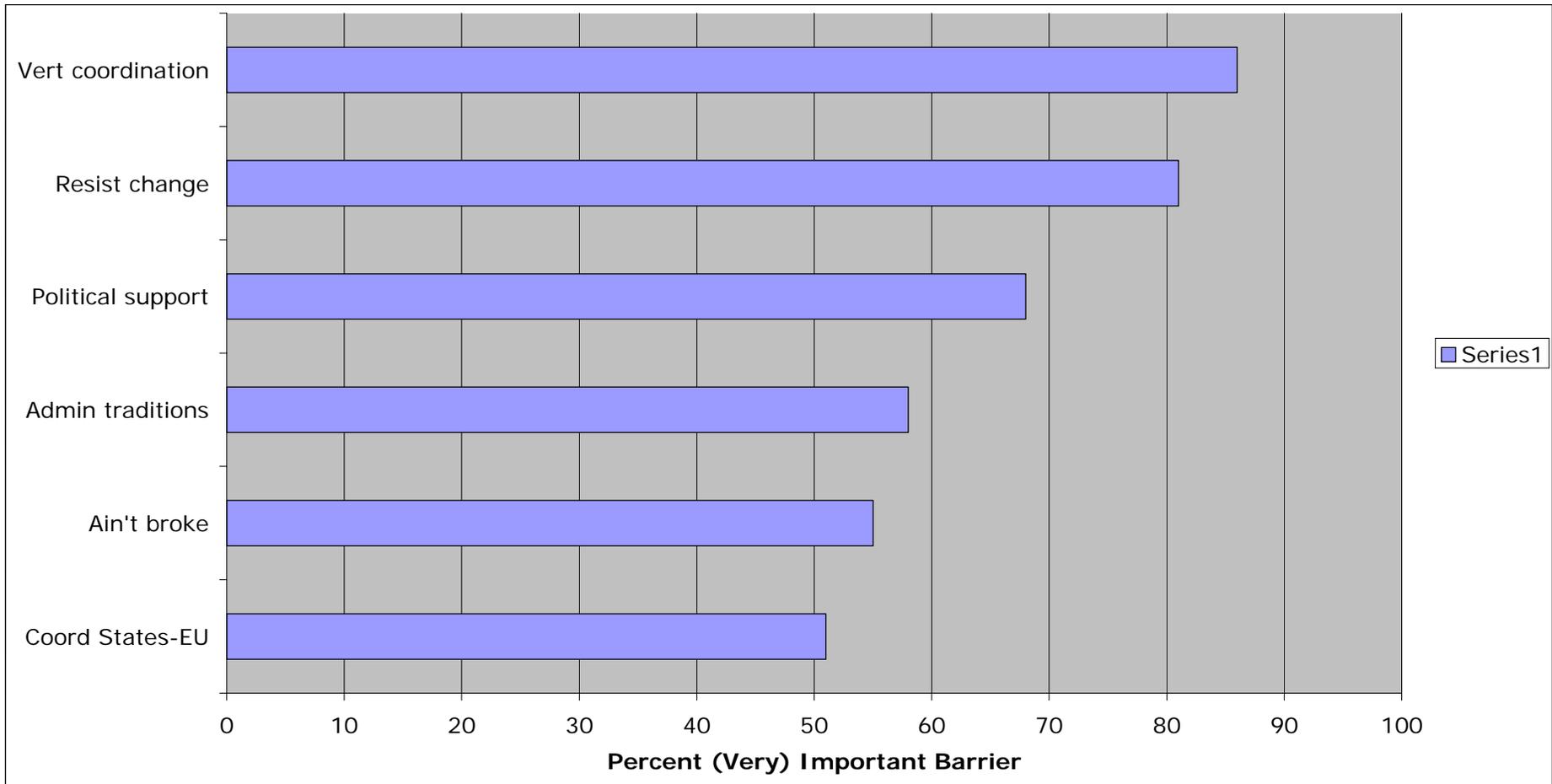
Legal Barriers



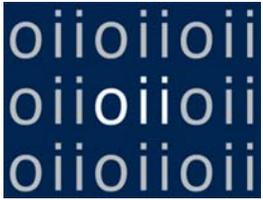
Preliminary results: Early respondents to Web survey, N = 560



Organizational, Administrative



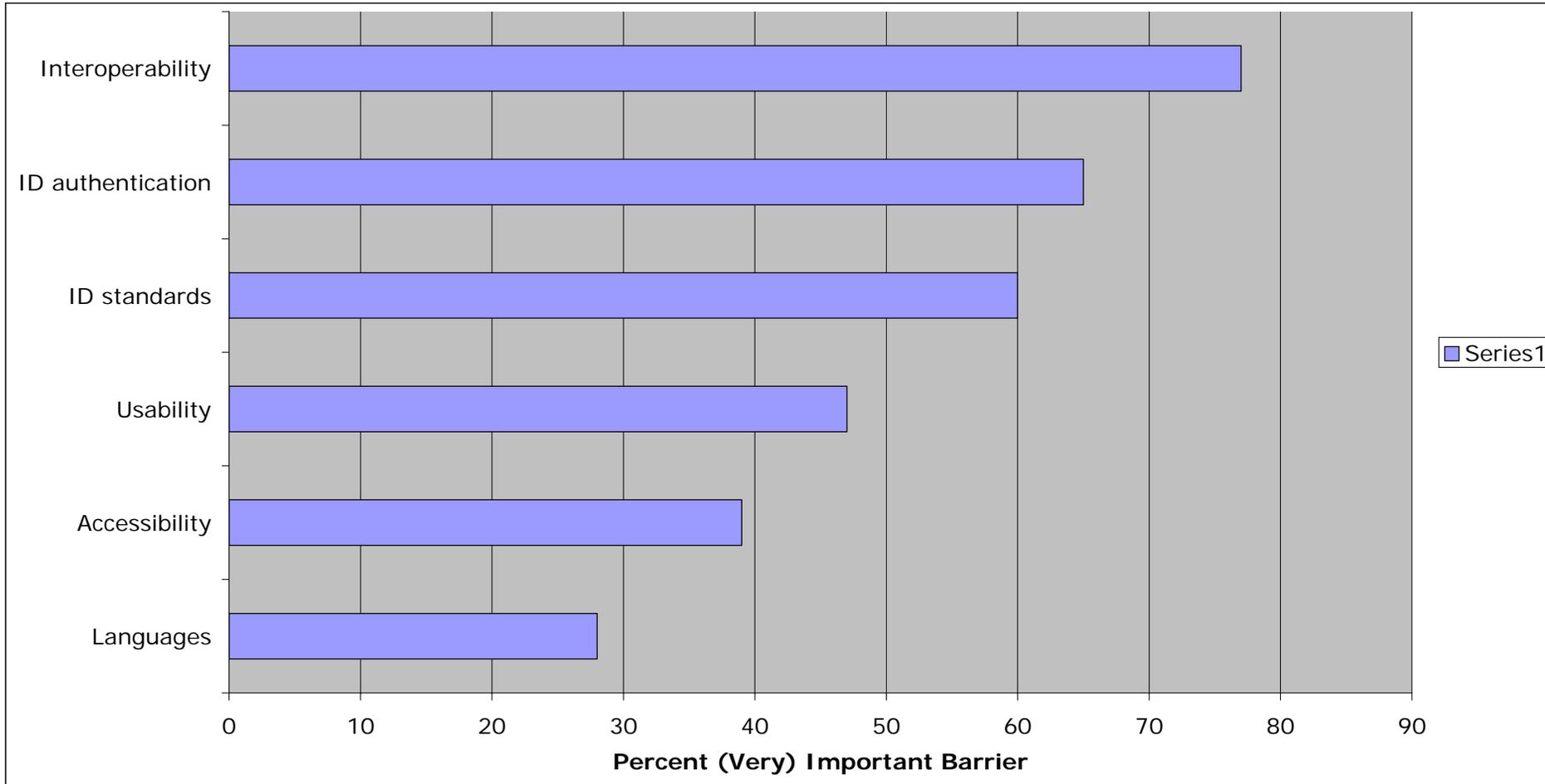
Preliminary results: Early respondents to Web survey, N = 560



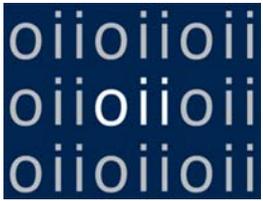
Technical and Design Barriers



Information Society



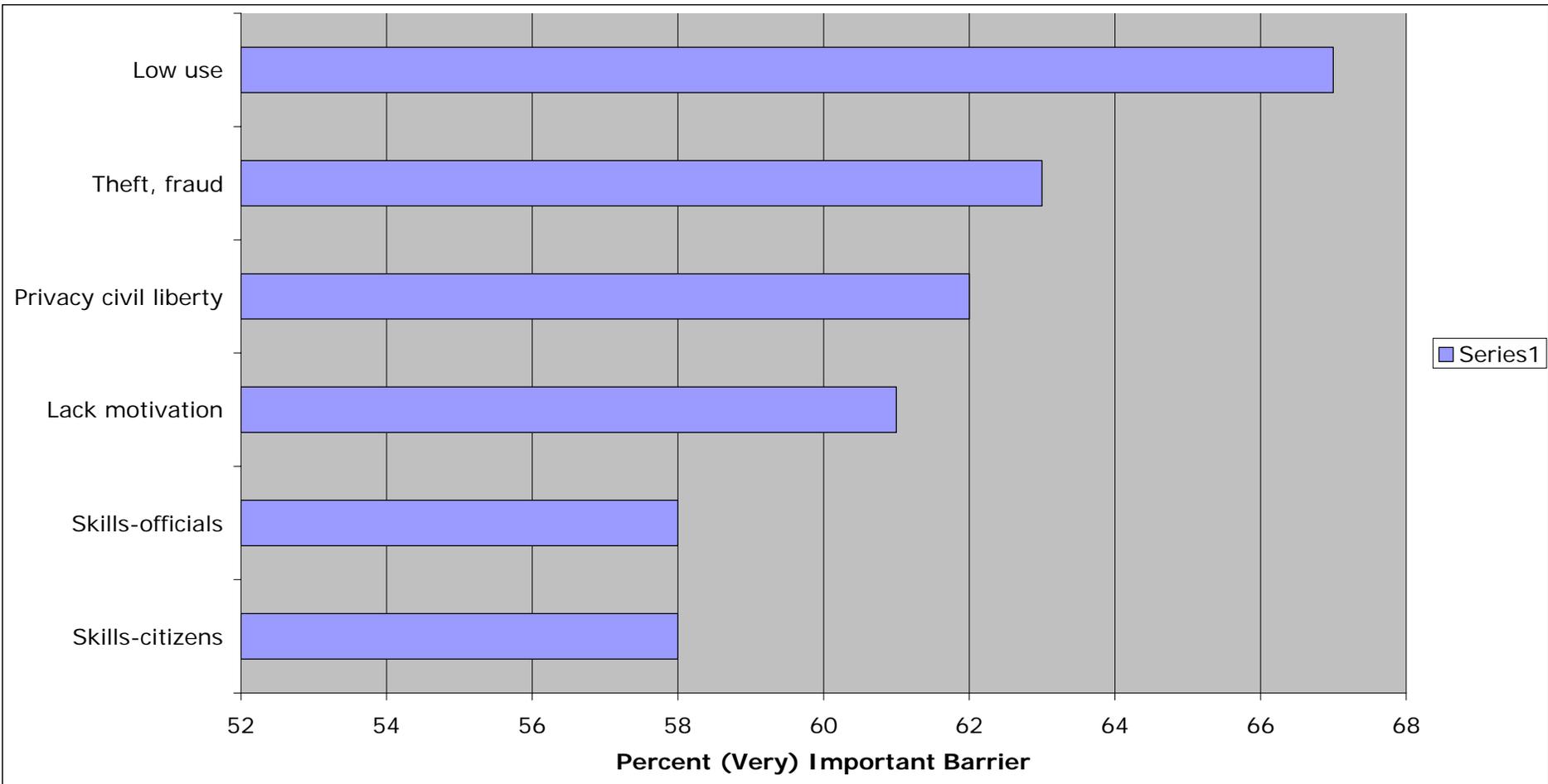
Preliminary results: Early respondents to Web survey, N = 560



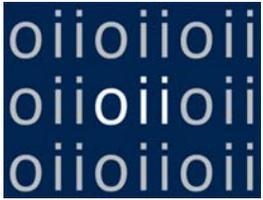
Divides: Access, Skills, Usage



Information Society



Preliminary results: Early respondents to Web survey, N = 560

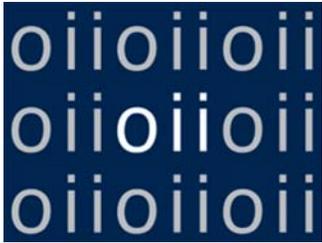


Overcoming Barriers



Information Society

1. Lack of leadership
2. Financial inhibitors
3. Digital divides
4. Poor coordination
5. Workplace and organizational inflexibility
6. Lack of trust
7. Poor technical design



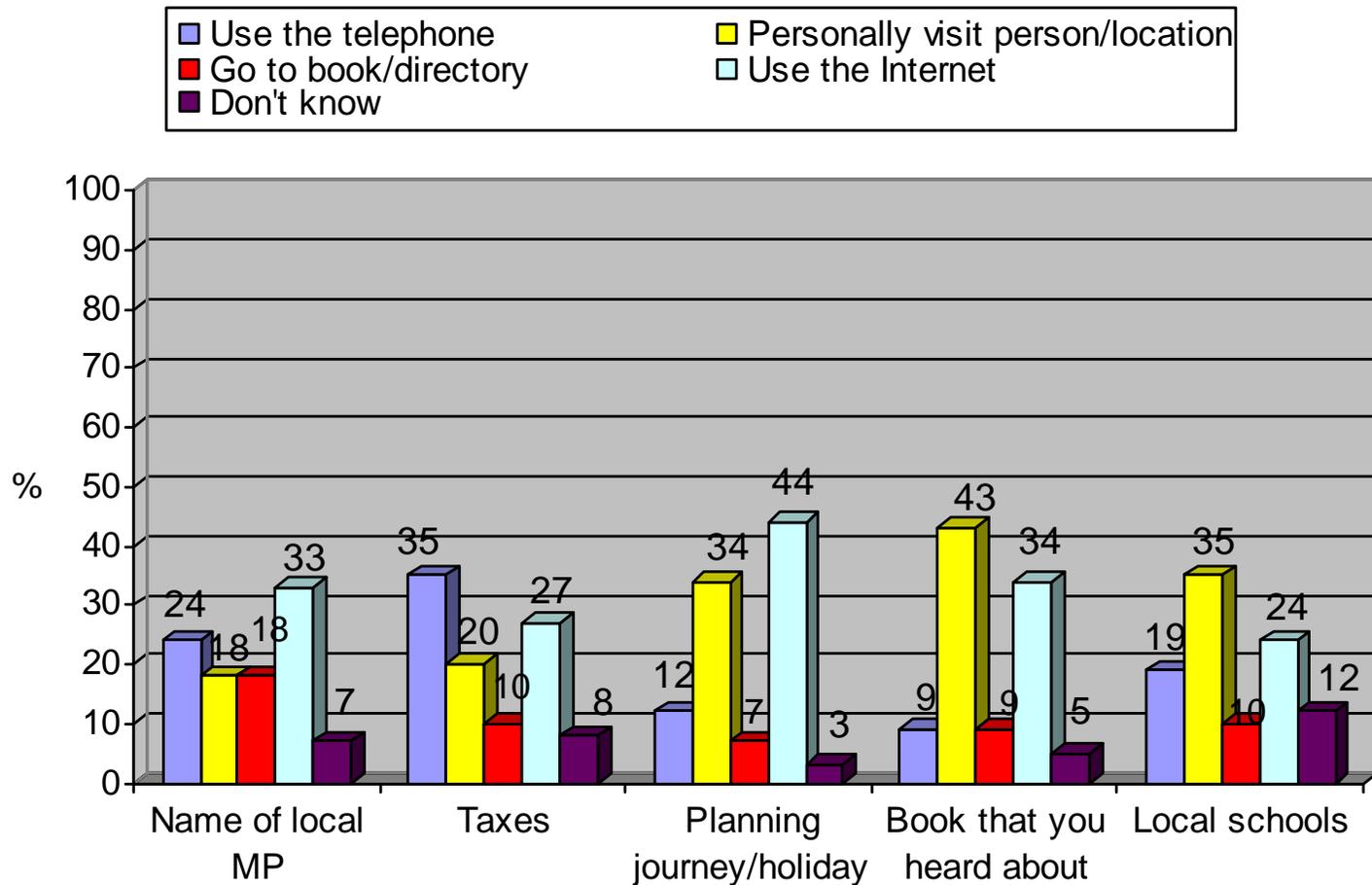
Oxford Internet Surveys (OxIS)

- OxIS: 2003 and 2005
- Cross-sectional surveys
- Probability sample of England, Scotland & Wales
- Respondents: 14 year olds and older
- Face-to-face interviews
- Sponsorship from AOL, BT, Ofcom, and Wanadoo
- Acknowledgements: Corinna di Gennaro, Richard Rose, Adrian Shepherd, Helen Margetts, and others at the OII

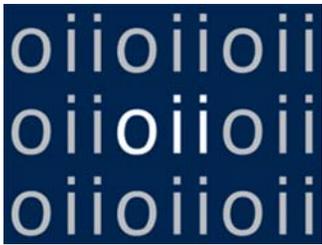




Where would you go first if looking for information on... (2005)

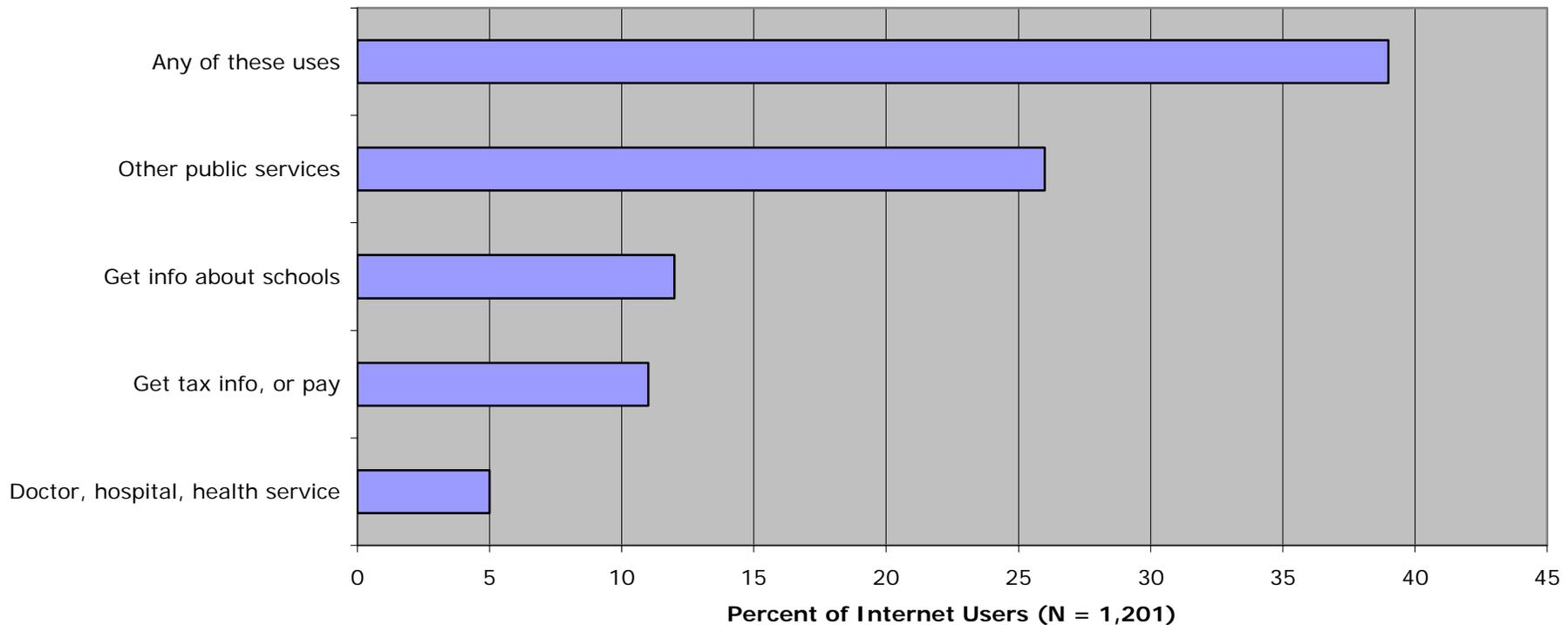


N=2,185 (All respondents)



Less than half of Britons online use public information services, 2003

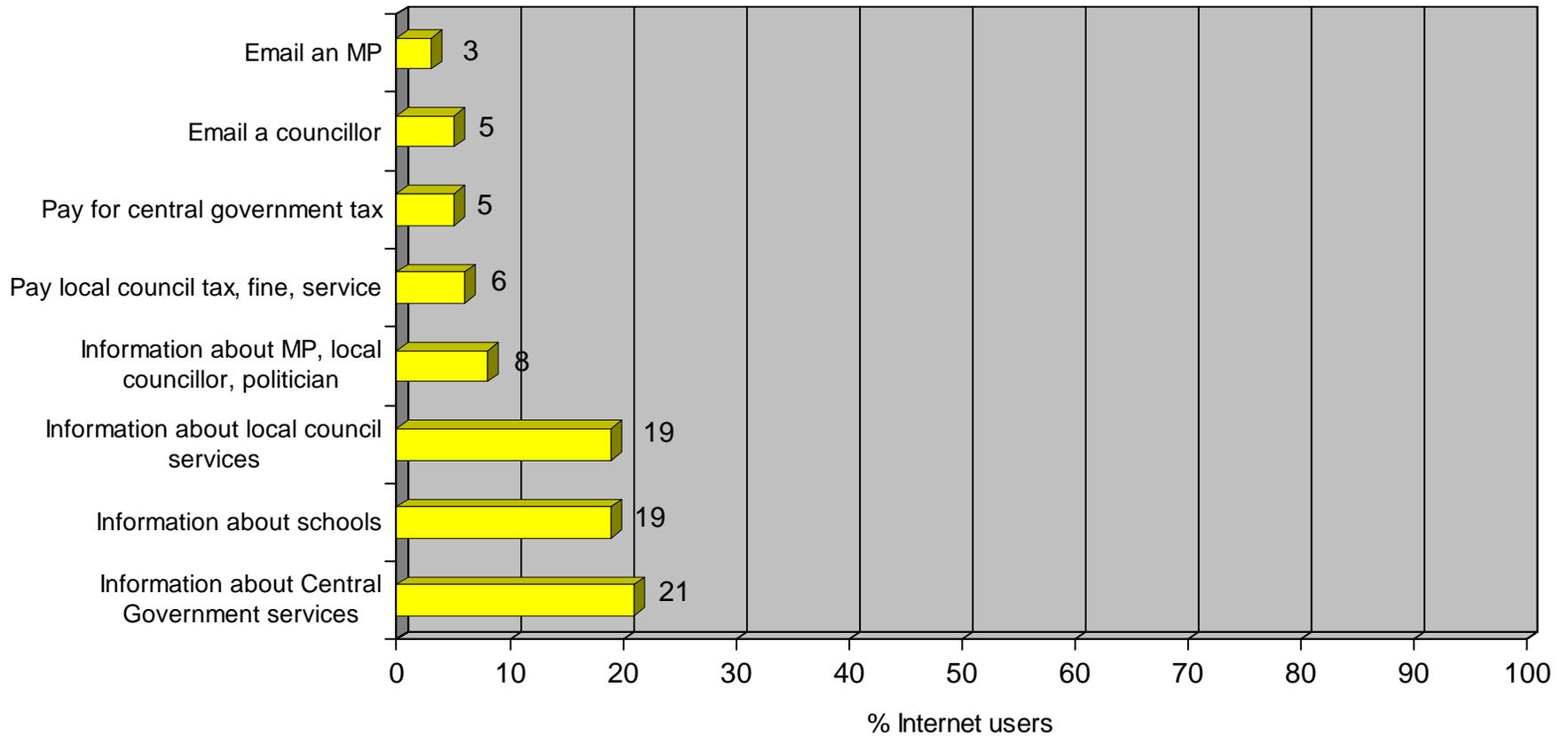
Internet for Public Services, Britain 2003



Source: Oxford Internet Survey (OxIS), results of a nationwide representative survey of Britons aged 14 and older, 23 May- 28 June 2003. Number of respondents: 2,030.



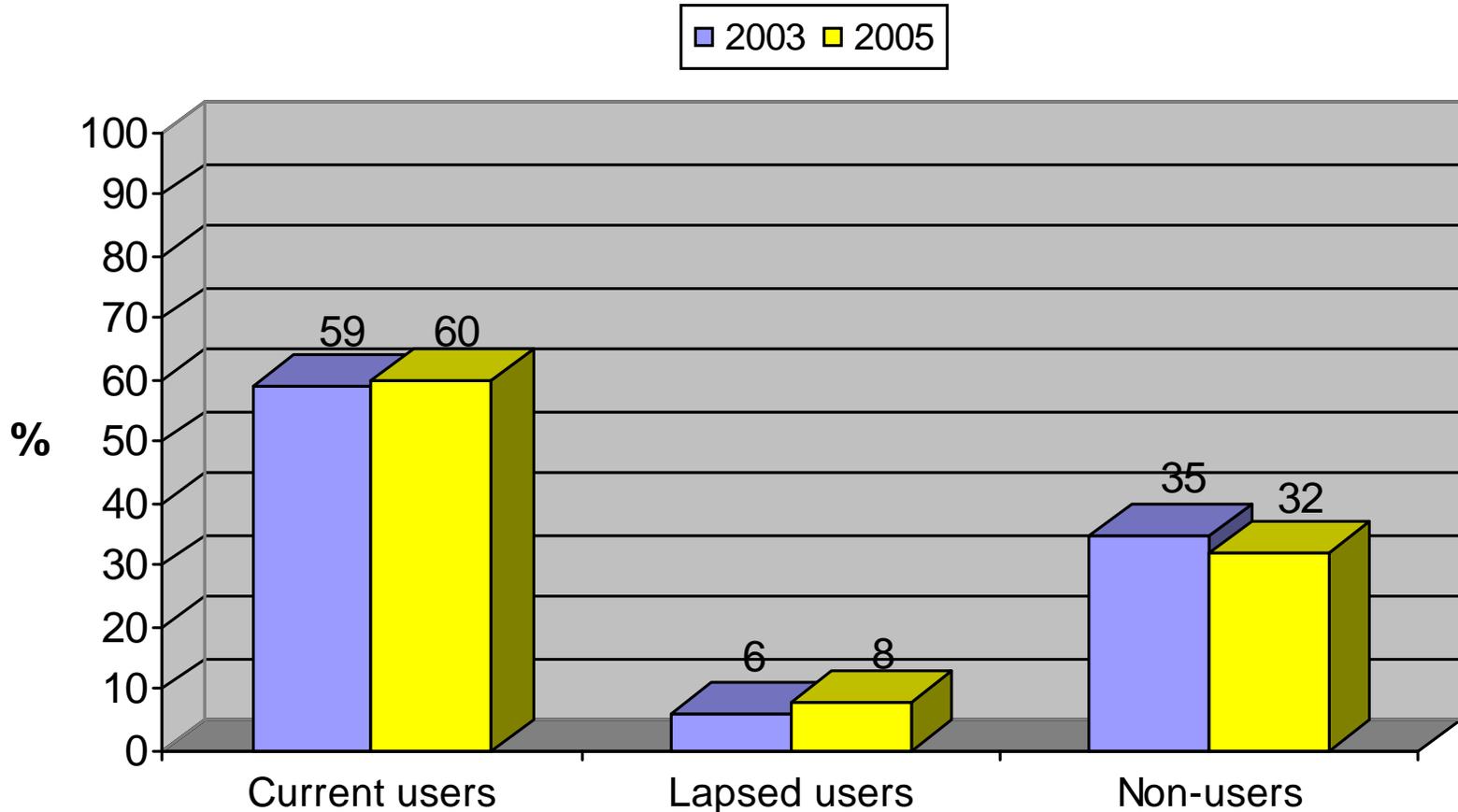
e-Government in the UK, 2005



OxIS 2005: N= 1,309 Current Internet users



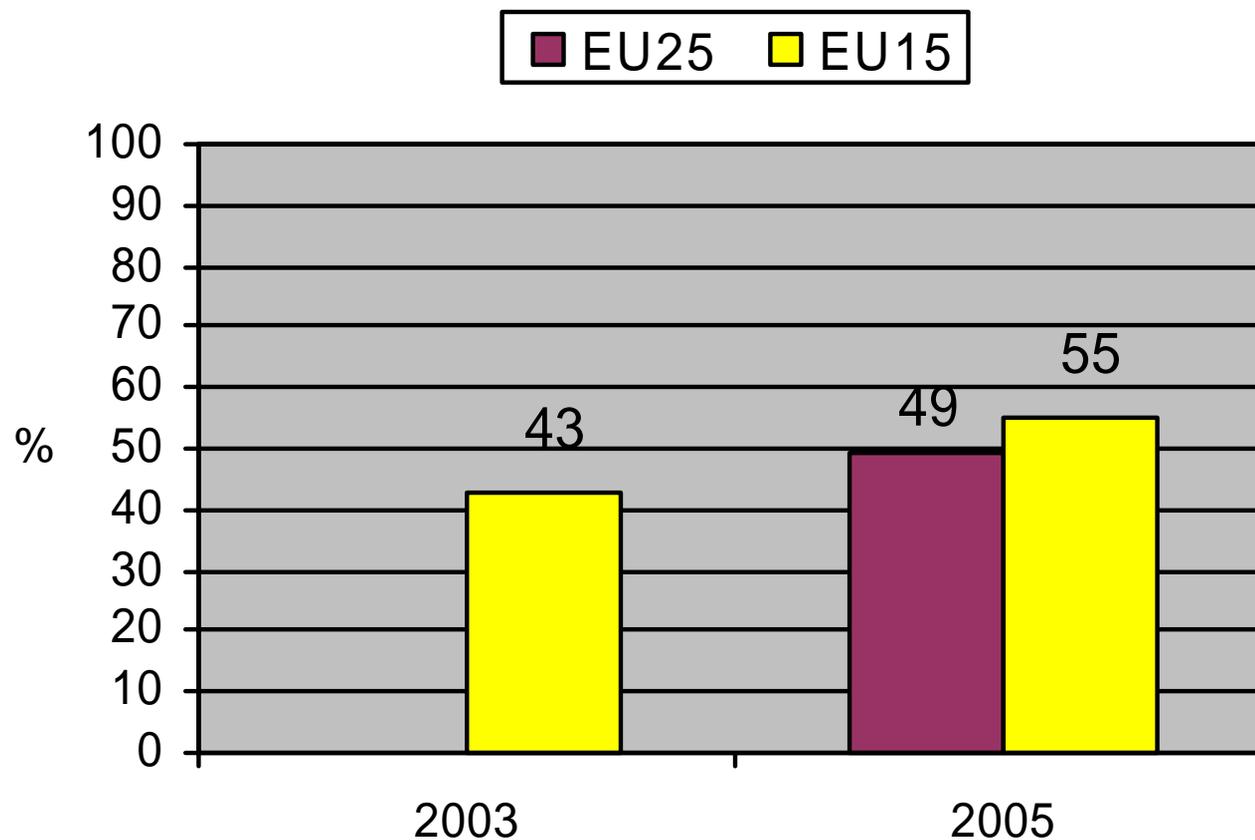
Has Internet adoption reached a plateau? Adoption in Britain (2003–2005)



OxIS 2003: N=2,029 (All respondents); OxIS 2005: N=2,185 (All respondents)



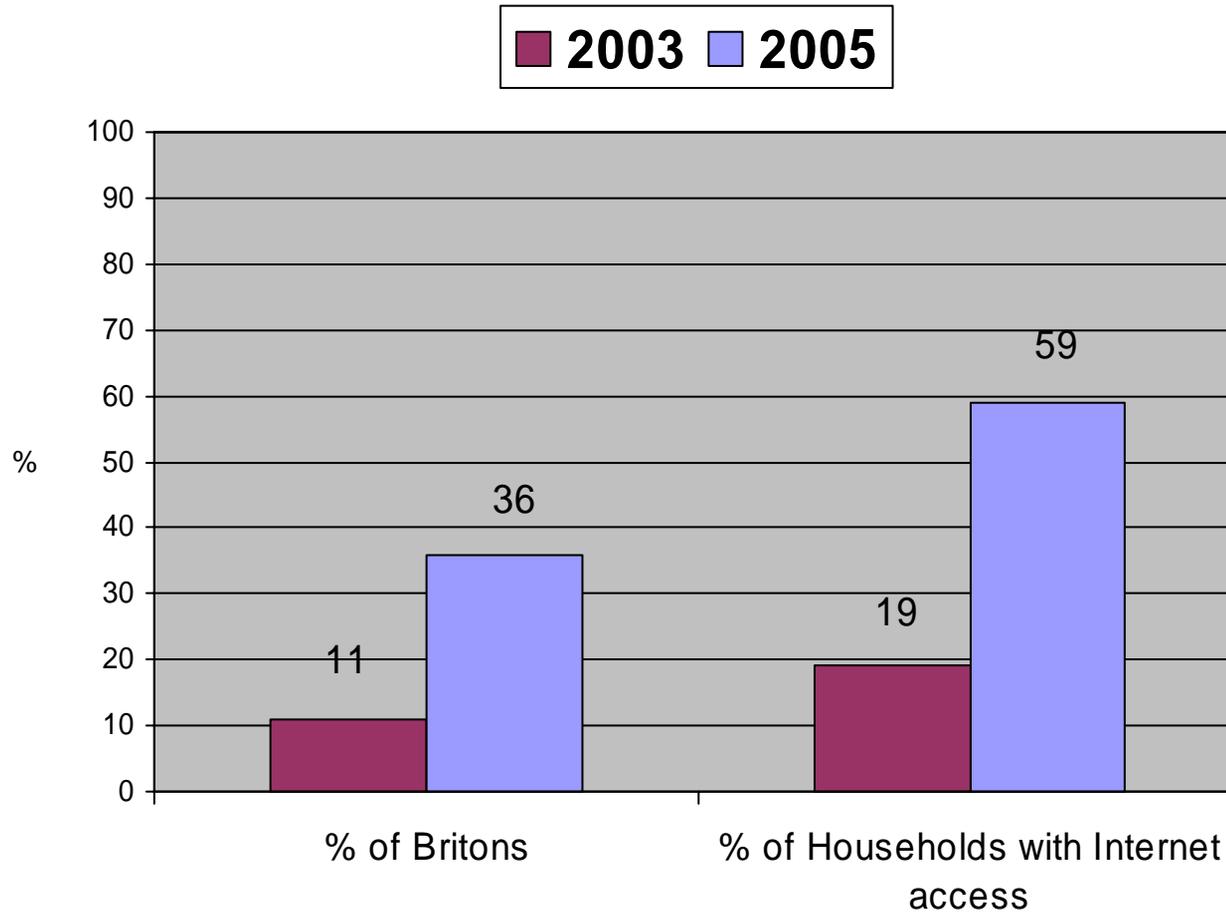
Level of Internet access - households



Source: Eurostat 2005



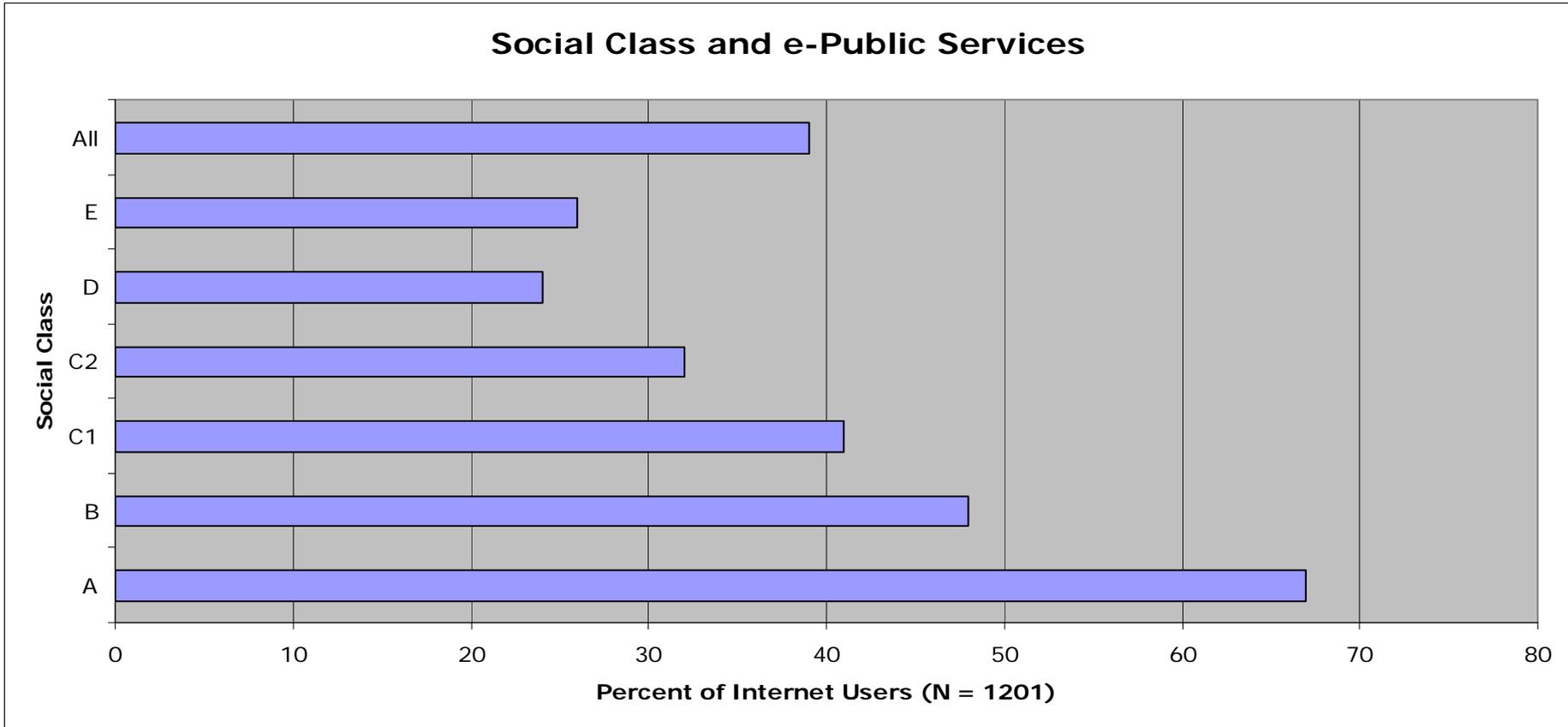
Broadband Use, 2003 – 2005



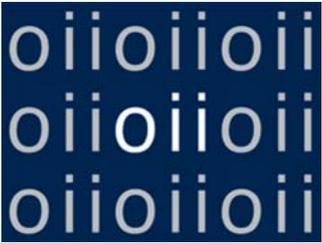
OxIS 2003: N= 2,030 (All respondents) OxIS 2005: N = 2,185 (All respondents)



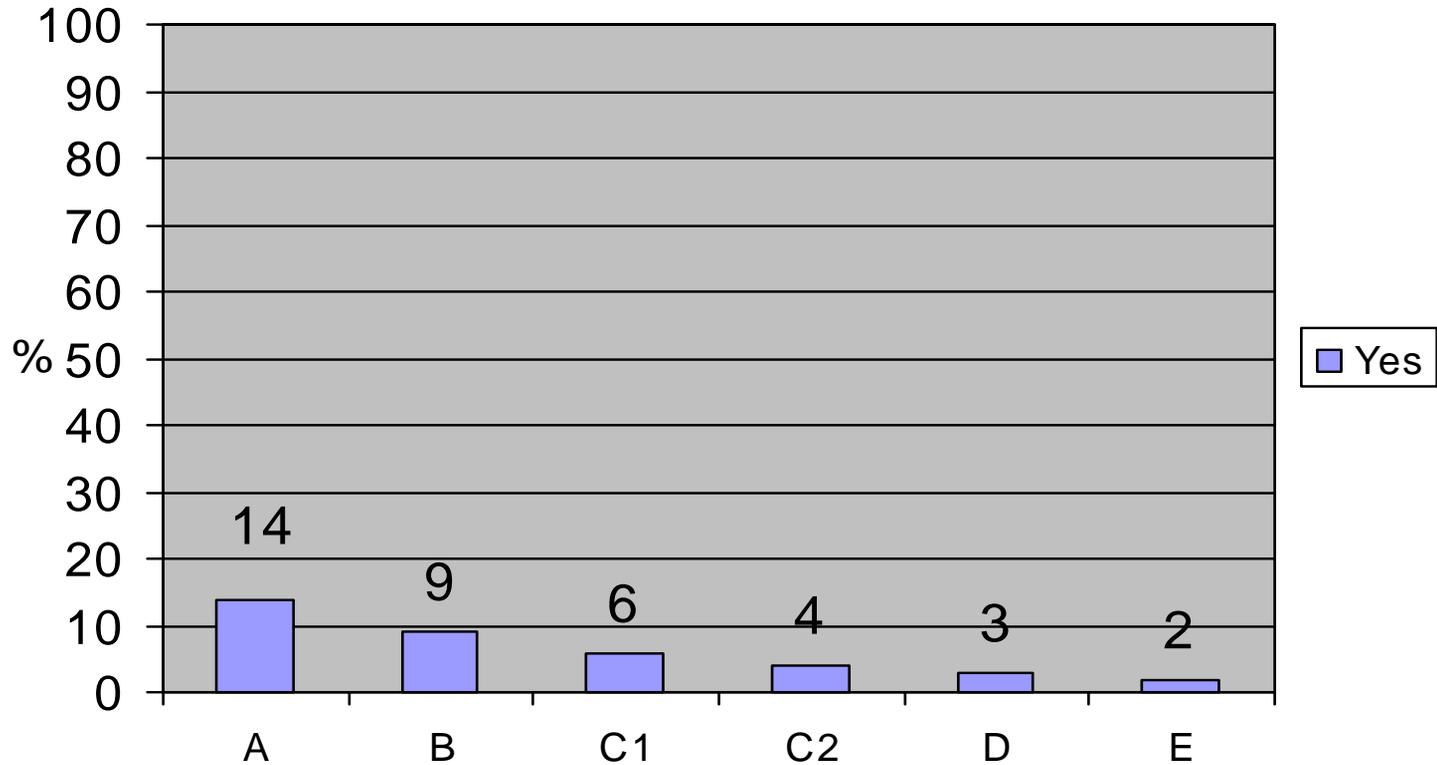
Social Class Shapes Use of Public Information, 2003



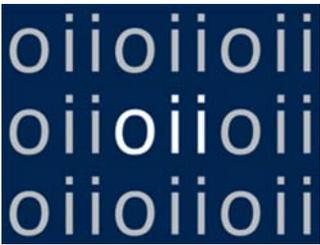
Source: Oxford Internet Survey (OxIS), results of a nationwide representative survey of Britons aged 14 and older, 23 May- 28 June 2003. Number of respondents: 2,030.



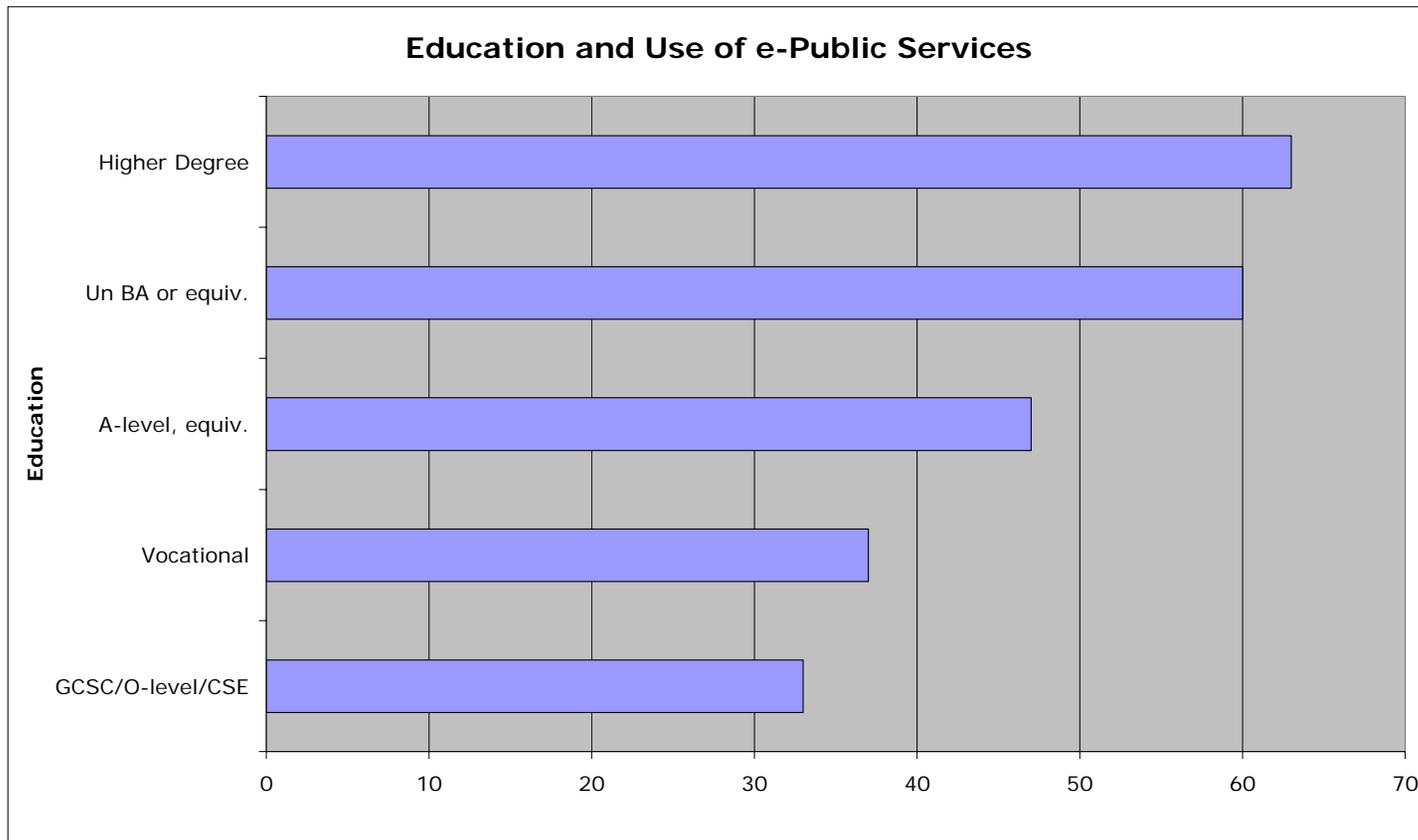
Paying Tax Online and Social Grade



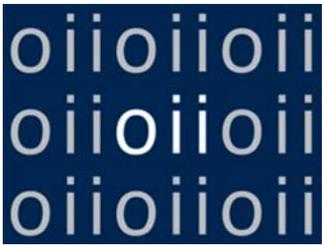
OxIS 2005: N=2,185 (All respondents)



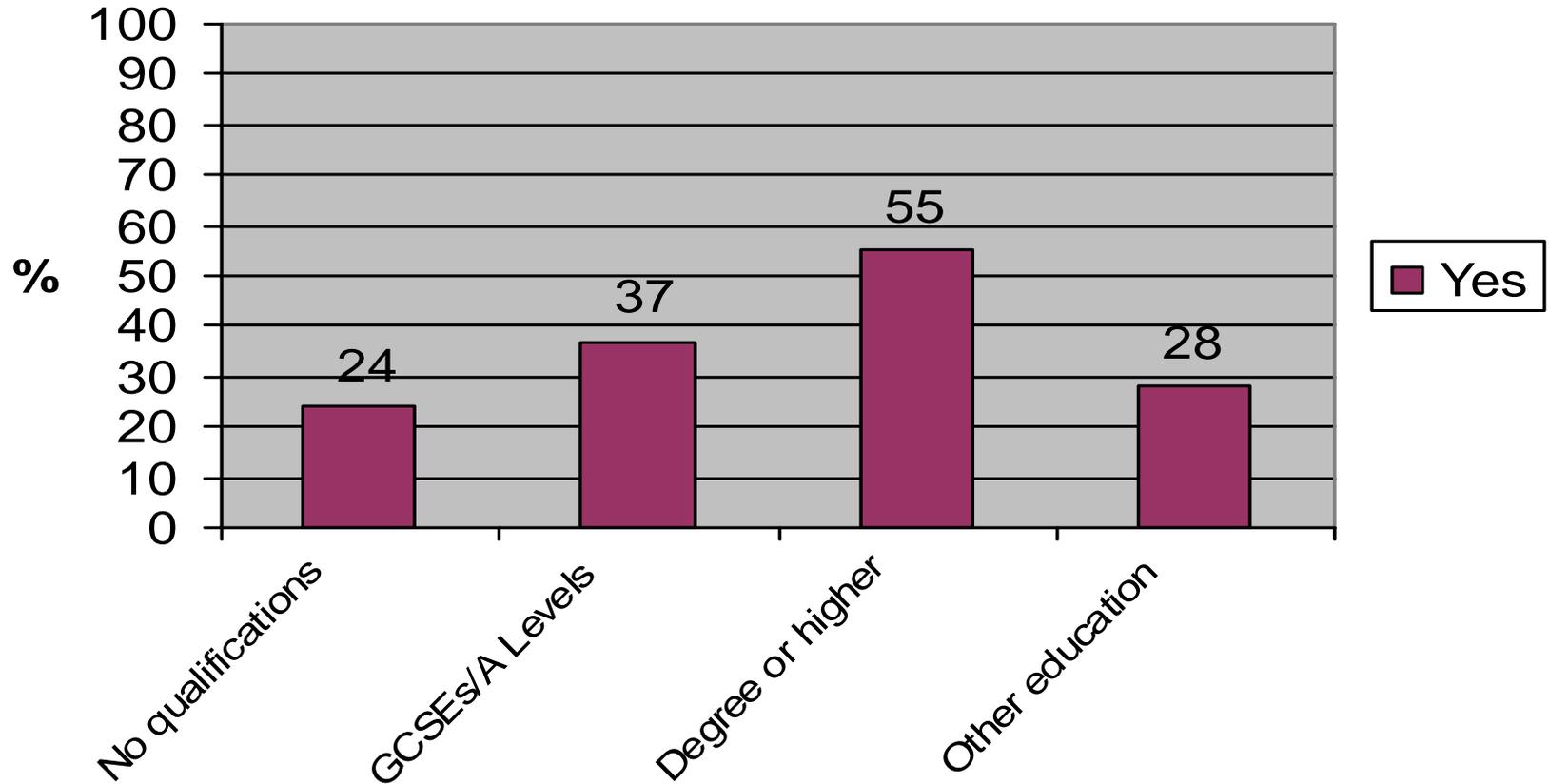
Education is Positively Associated with Use, 2003



Source: Oxford Internet Survey (OxIS), results of a nationwide representative survey of Britons aged 14 and older, 23 May- 28 June 2003. Number of respondents: 2,030.



e-Government by Education, 2005

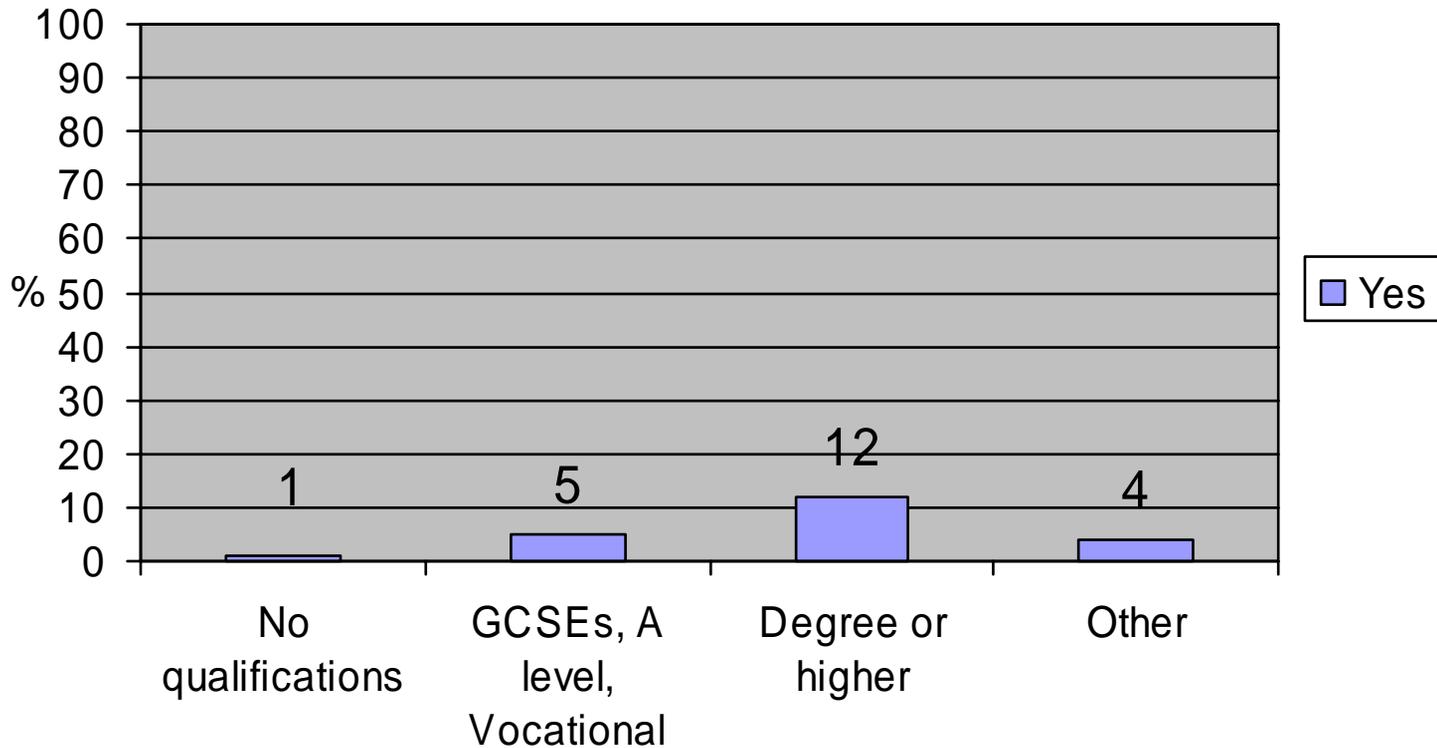


N = 1,309 Current Internet Users

When controlling for other variables, only the effect of 'degree' remains significant



Paying Tax Online and Education

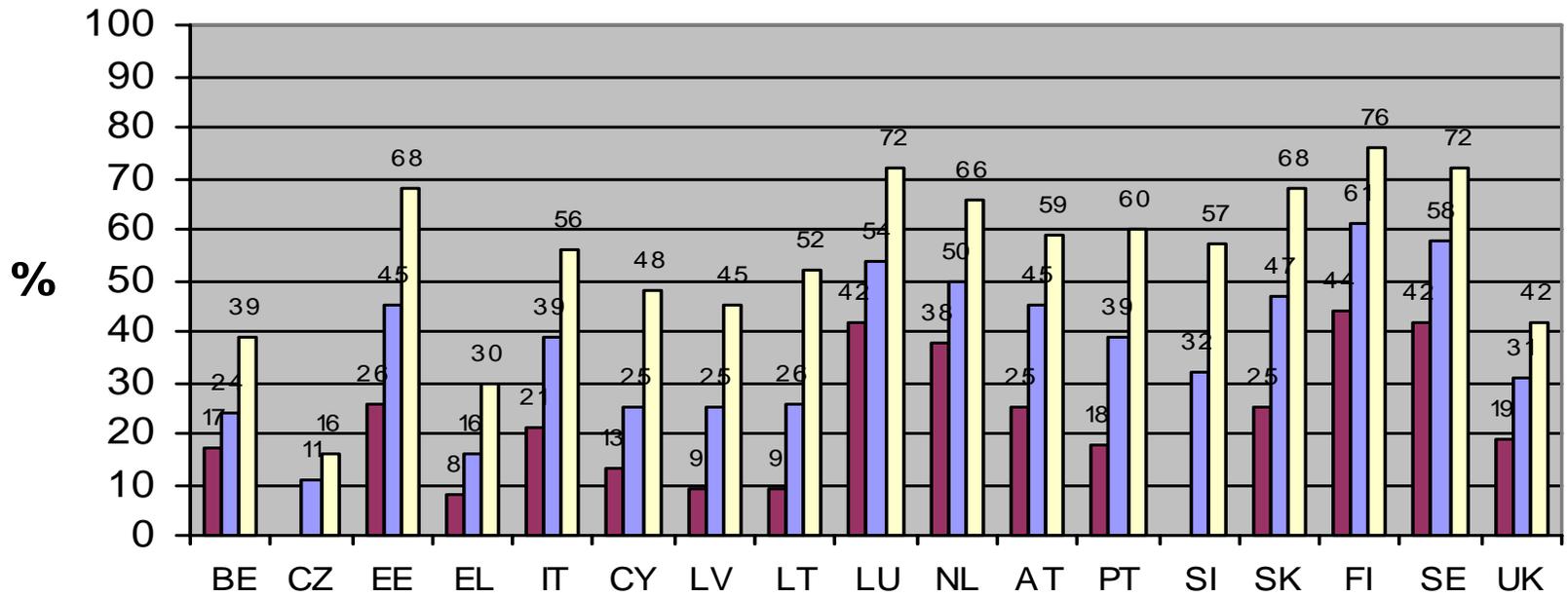


OxIS 2005: N = 2,185 (All respondents)



Internet users interacting with public authorities (obtaining information) and level of education

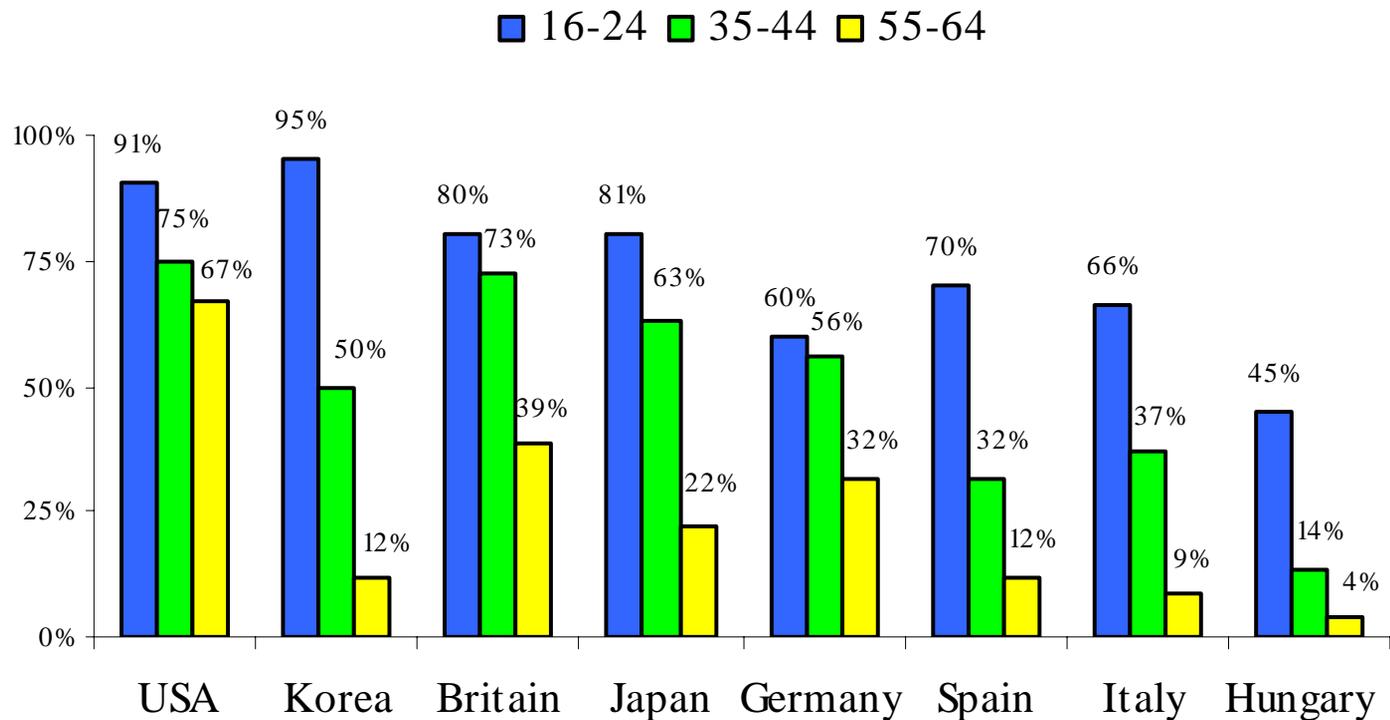
■ Low Education ■ Medium Education ■ High Education



Internet users who used the internet in the last 3 months to
obtain information from public authority sites



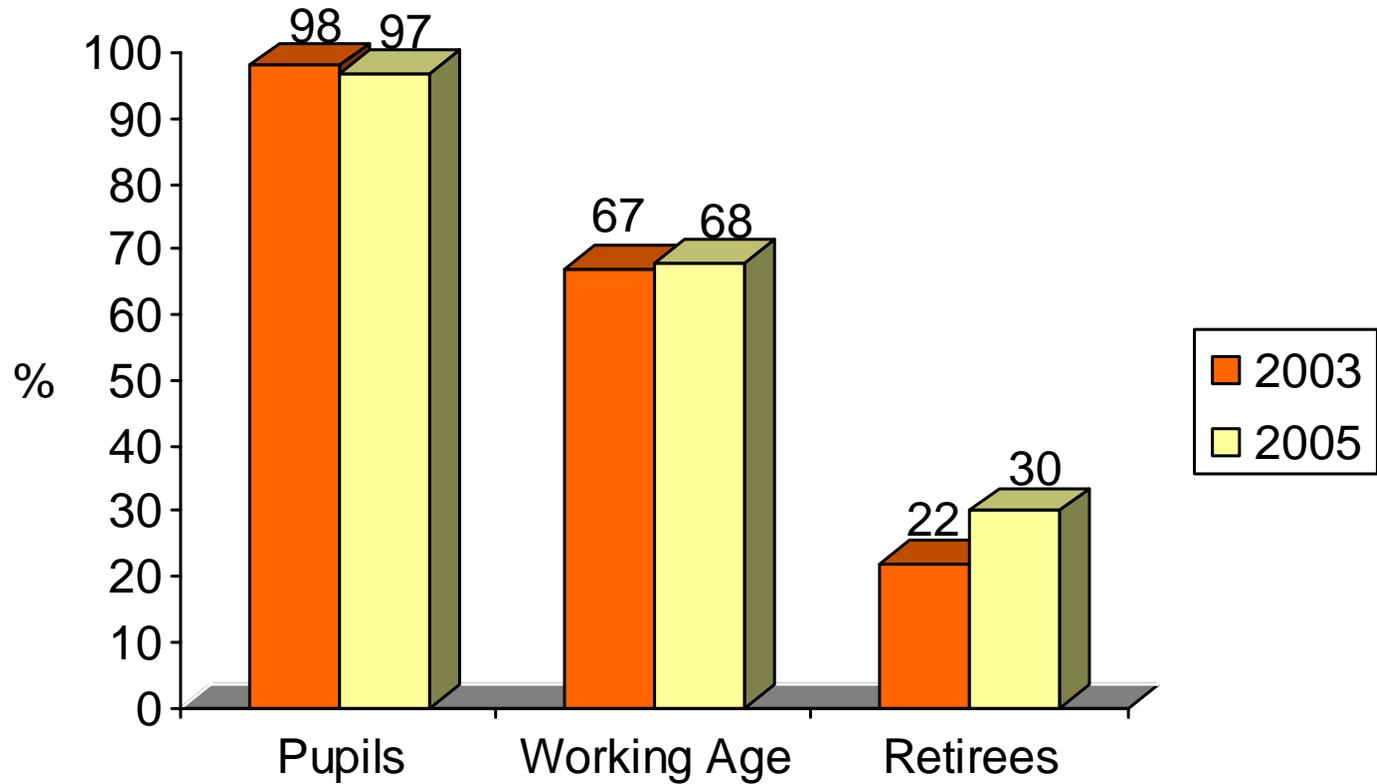
Internet Use by Age, circa 2003



Source: <http://www.worldinternetproject.net/>



Internet Use by Life Stage, 2003-2005

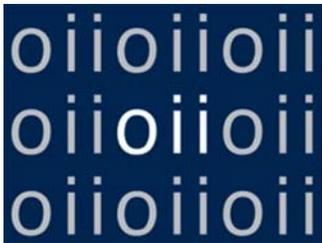


Pupils: age 14-22 years and in full time education.

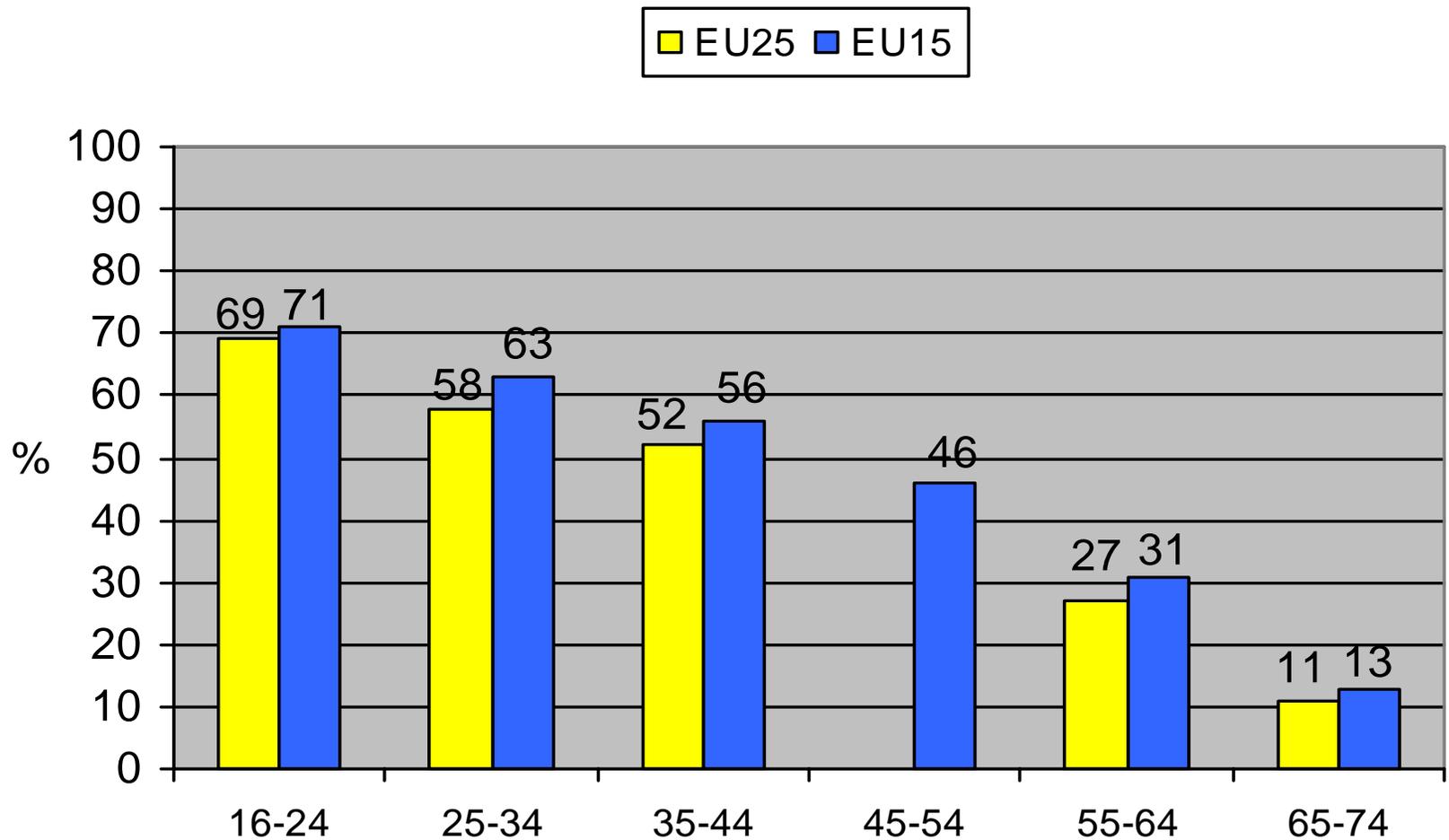
Working age: employed of any age and all other persons not in employment up to age 55.

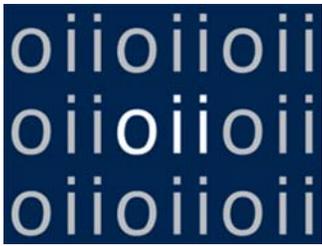
Retired: 55 or over and not in employment.

Source: OxIS 2003, Number of respondents = 2,030 – OxIS 2005 Number of respondents = 2,185

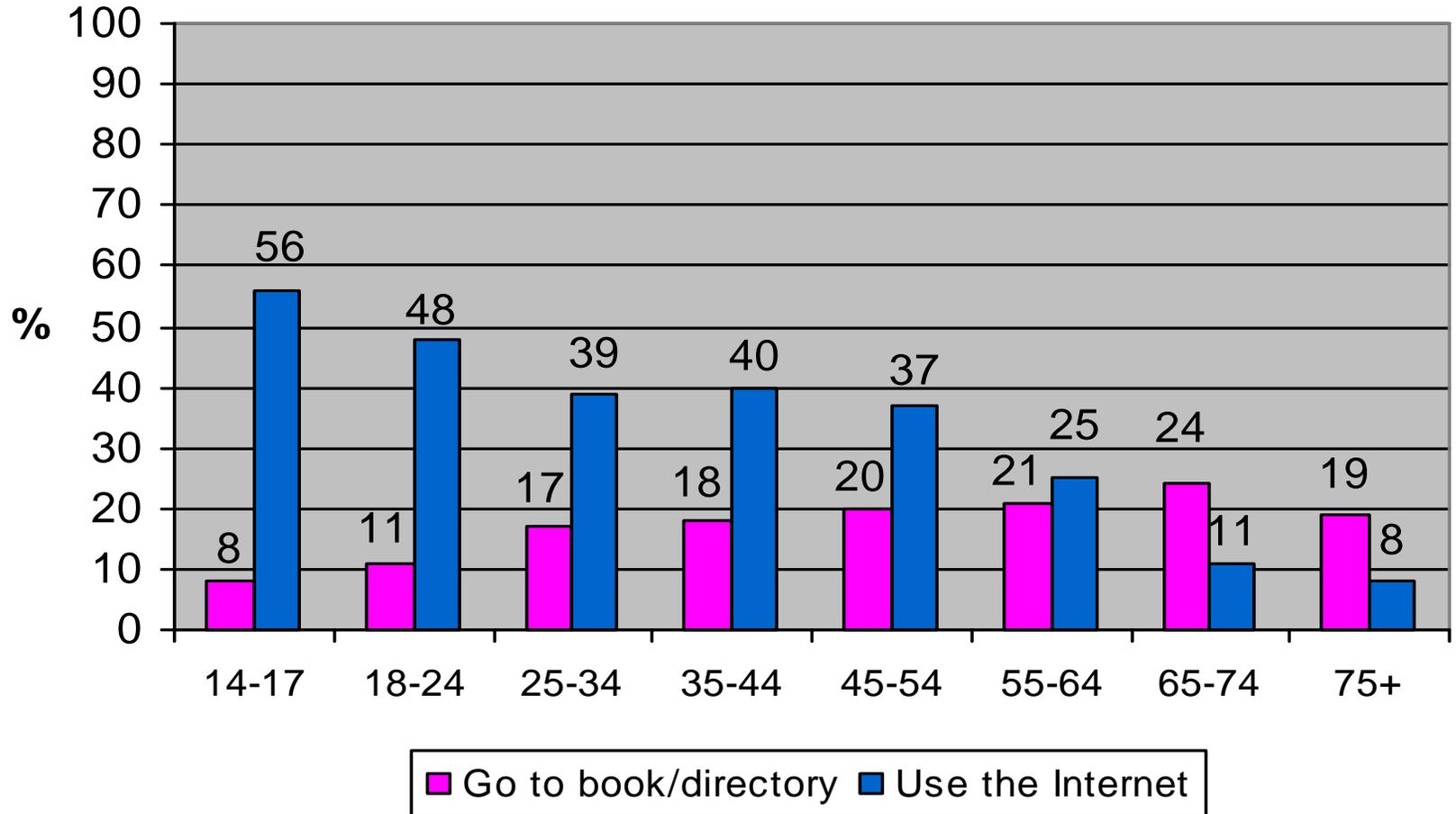


Current Internet Users by Age





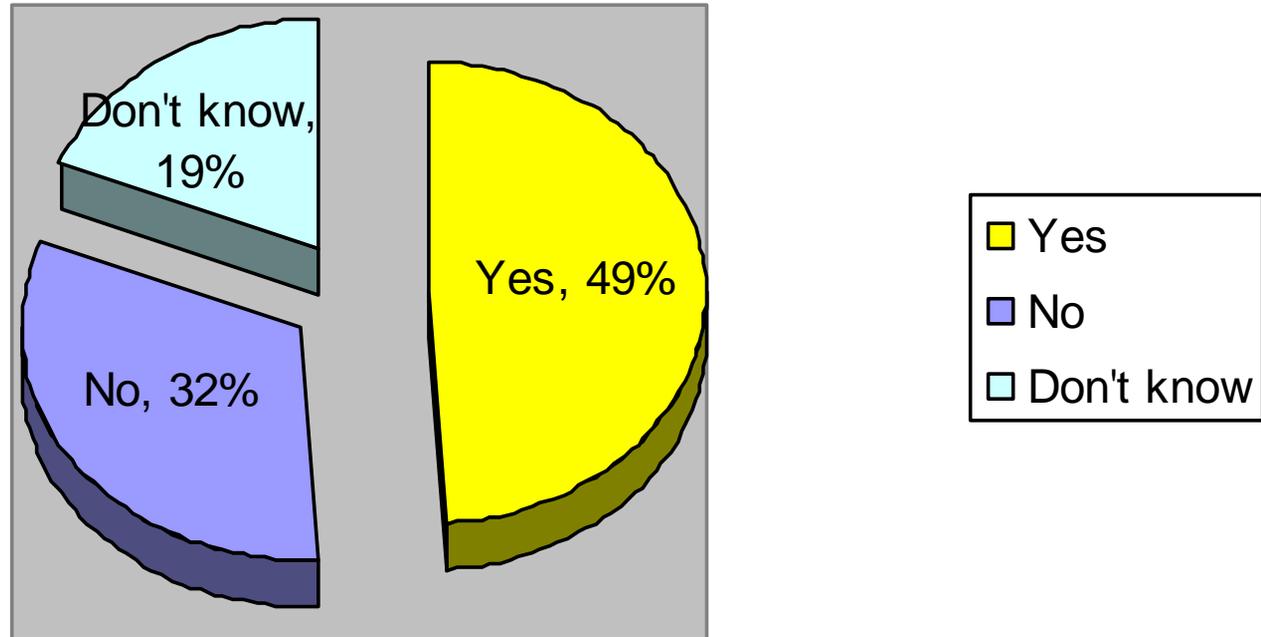
Where would you go first for Information (Name of MP) by Age



N = 1,309 (Current Internet users)



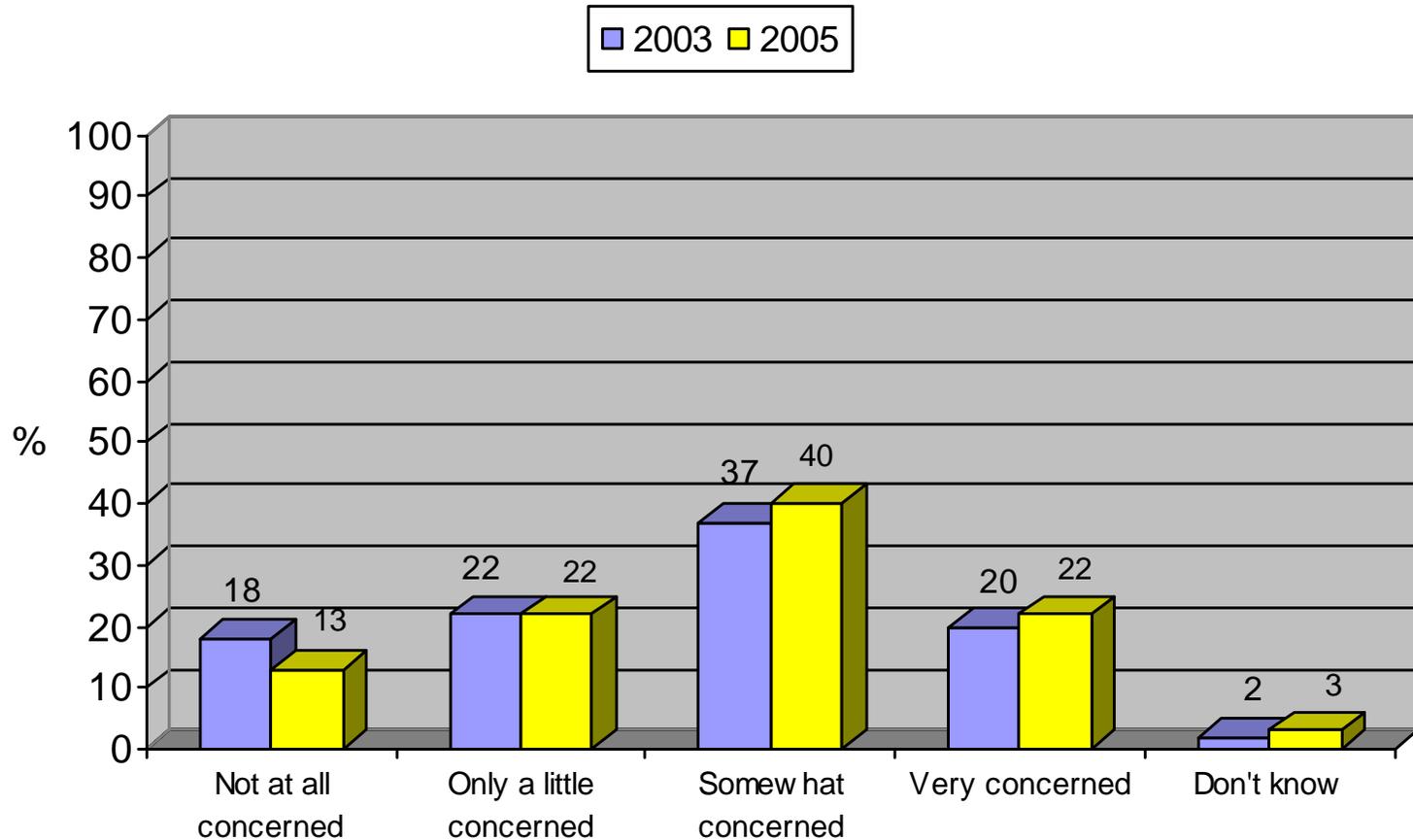
Think that present use of computers is an actual threat to personal privacy in this country (2005)



OxIS 2005, N=2,185 (All respondents)



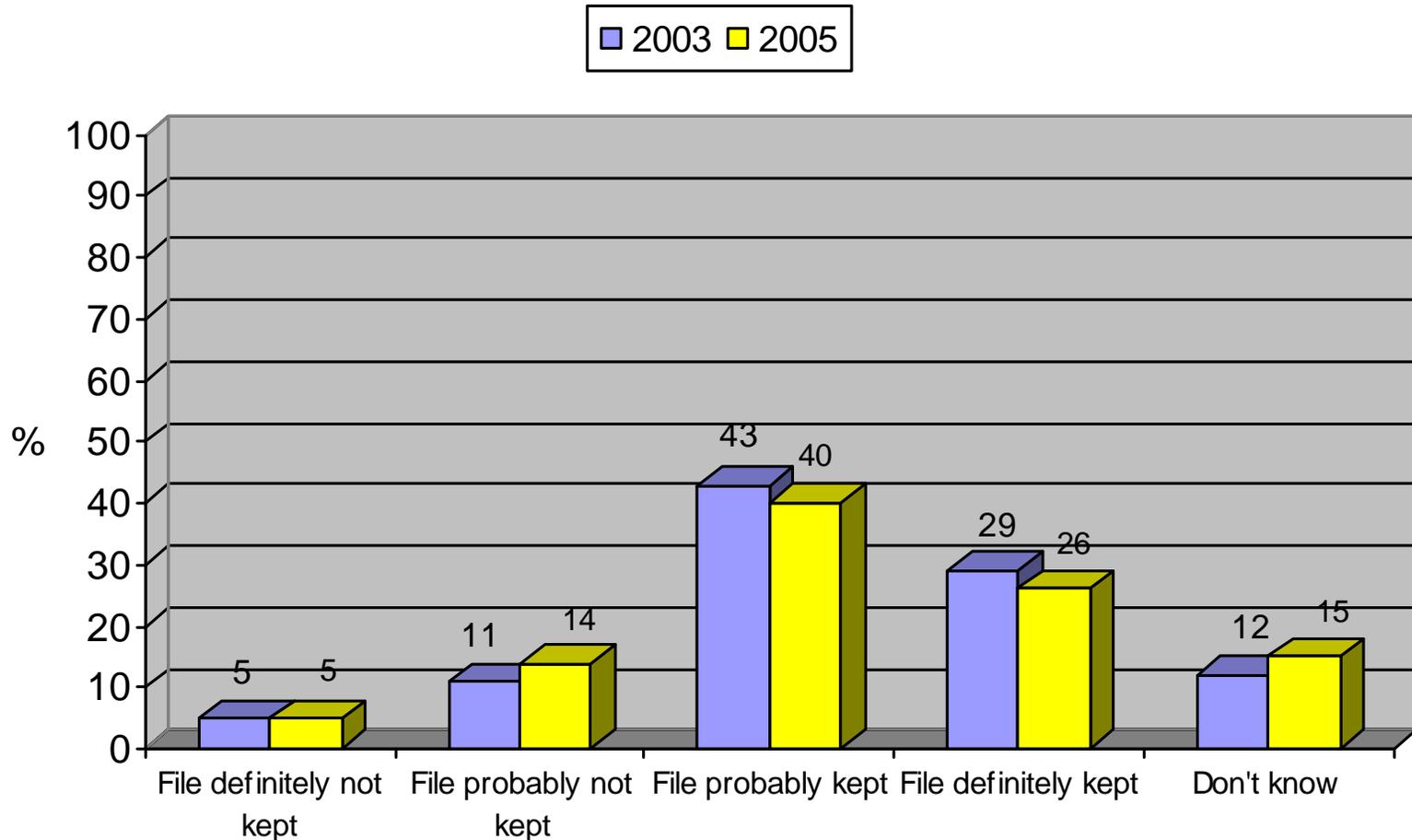
Concern about threats to personal privacy in Britain today (2003-2005)



OxIS 2003: N= 2,029 (All respondents); OxIS 2005: N= 2,185 (All respondents)



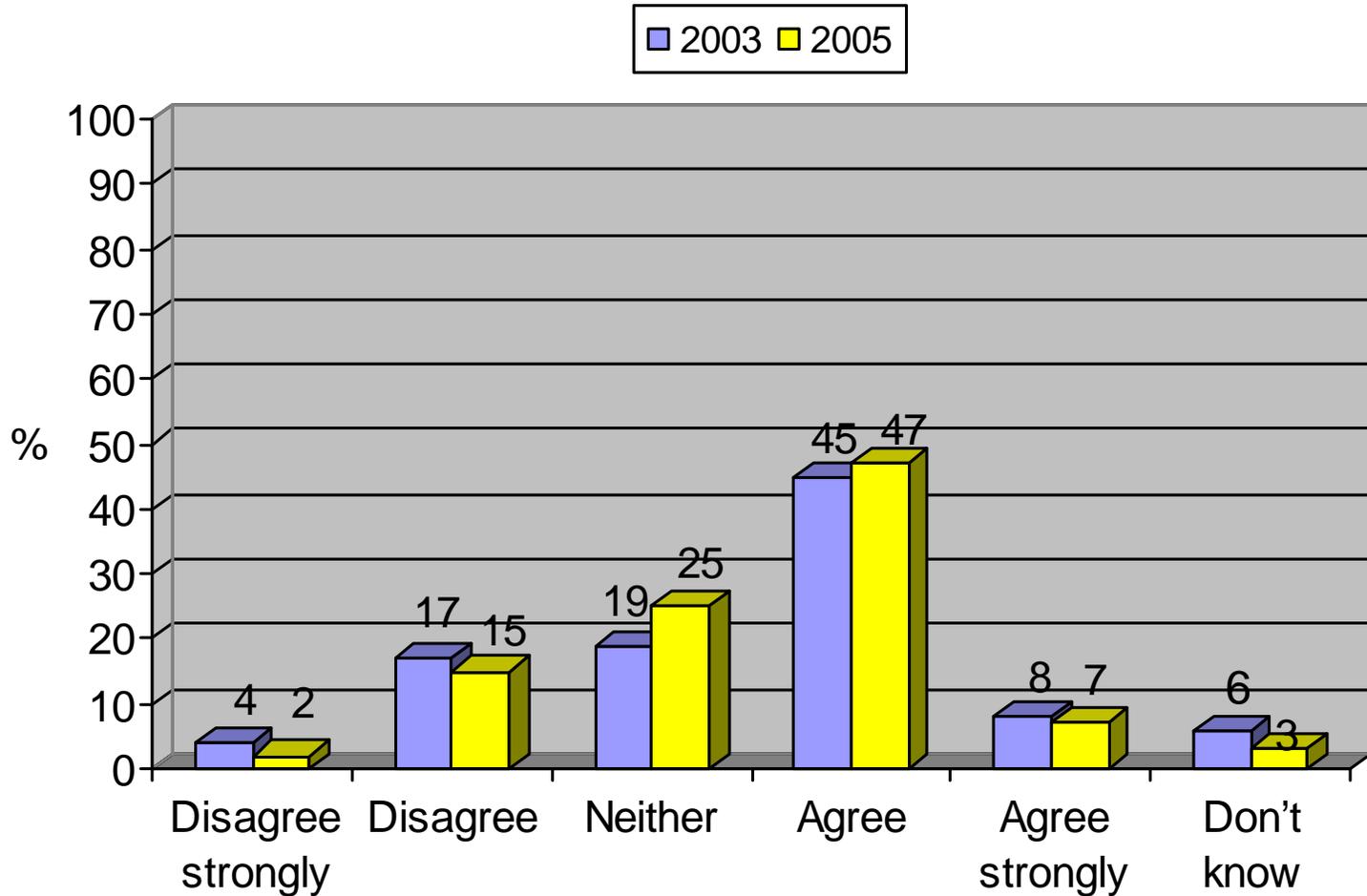
Think that personal information about yourself is being kept in a file somewhere for purposes not known to you (2003-2005)



OxIS 2003: N= 2,029 (All respondents); OxIS 2005: N= 2,185 (All respondents)
(e) Perceived consequences



People who go online put their privacy at risk (2003–2005)



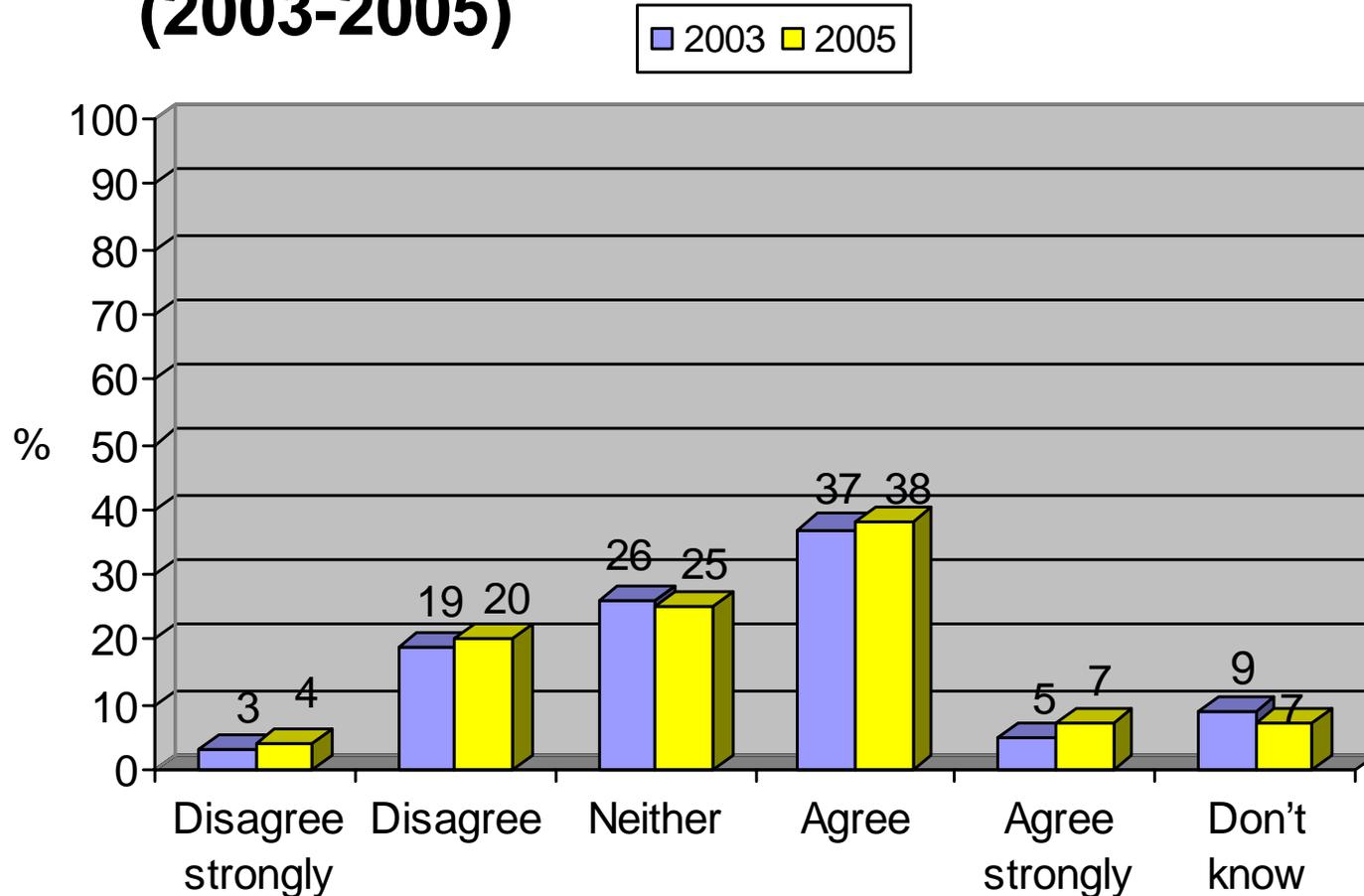
OxIS 2003: N= 1,201 (Current Internet users);

OxIS 2005: N= 1,309 (Current Internet users)

*note 2003 question asked in the context of shopping online



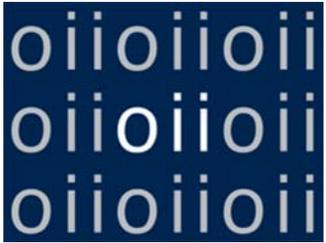
The Internet permits people to get personal information about me without my permission (2003-2005)



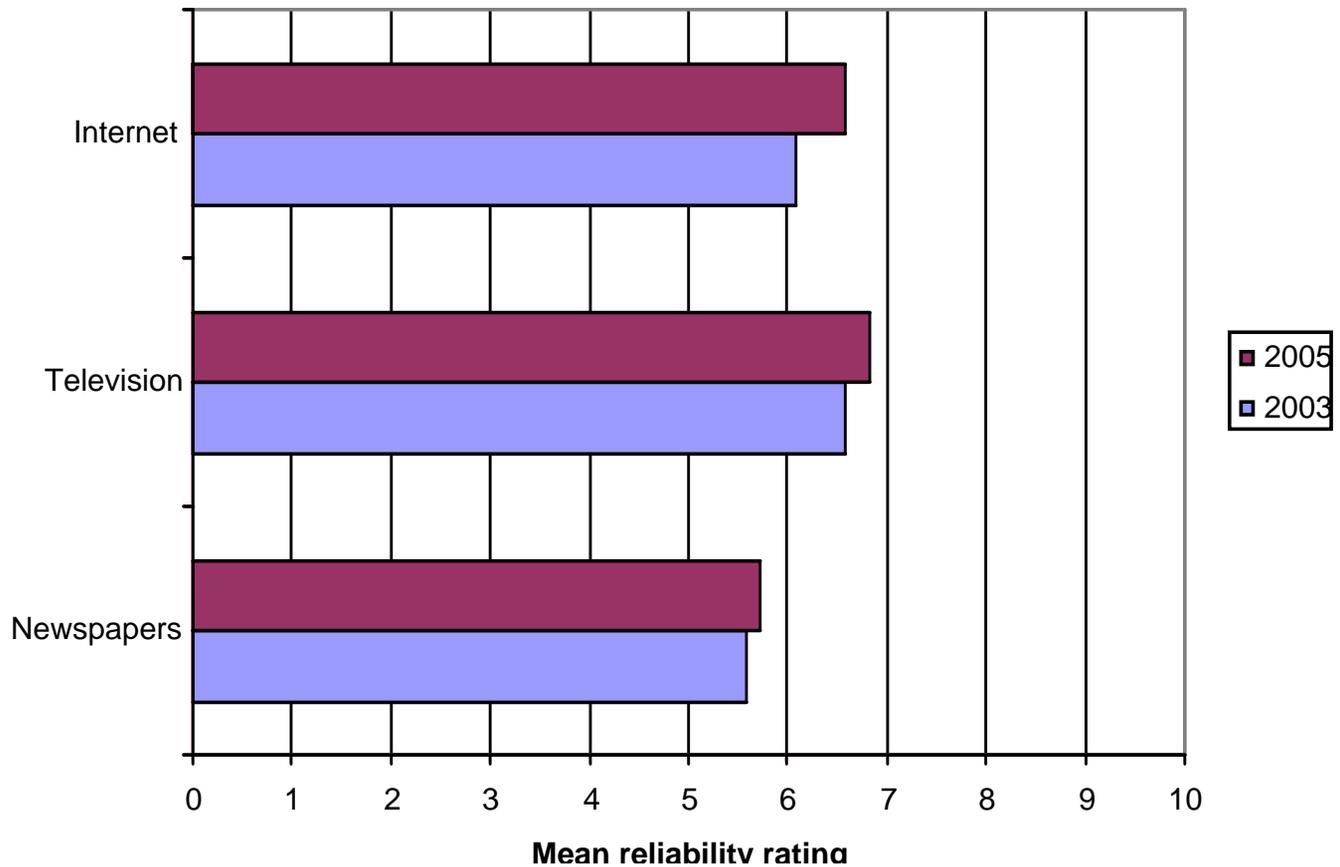
OxIS 2003: N= 1,201 (Current Internet users);

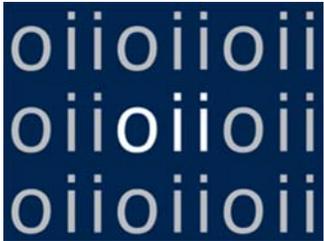
OxIS 2005: N= 1,309 (Current Internet users)

(g) Freedom of expression and norms of use

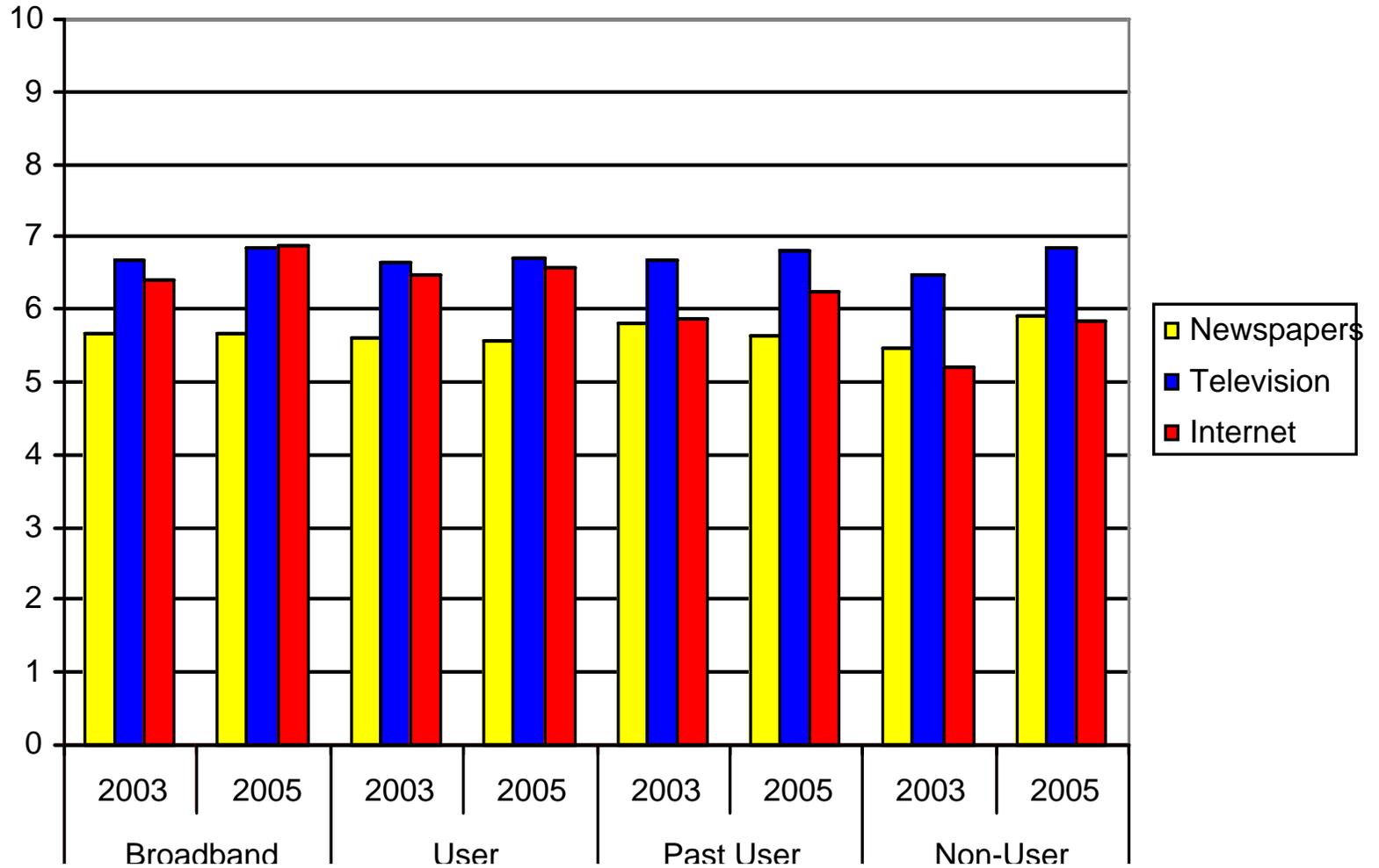


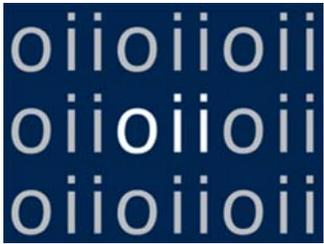
Confidence: Reliability of Information



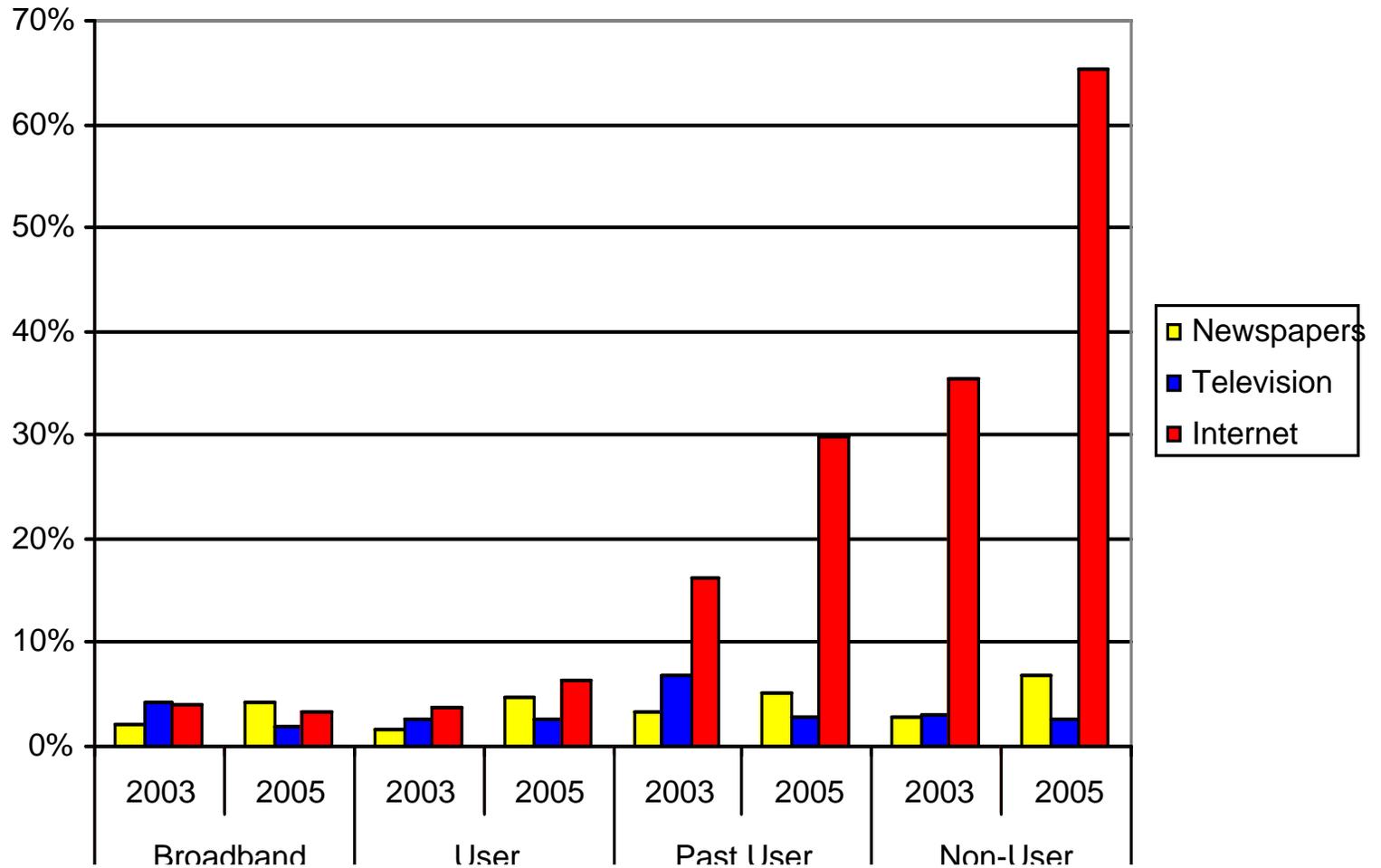


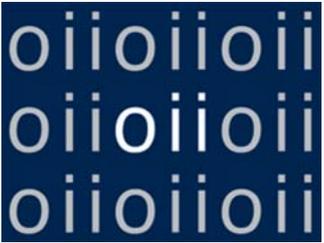
Reliability by Type of User



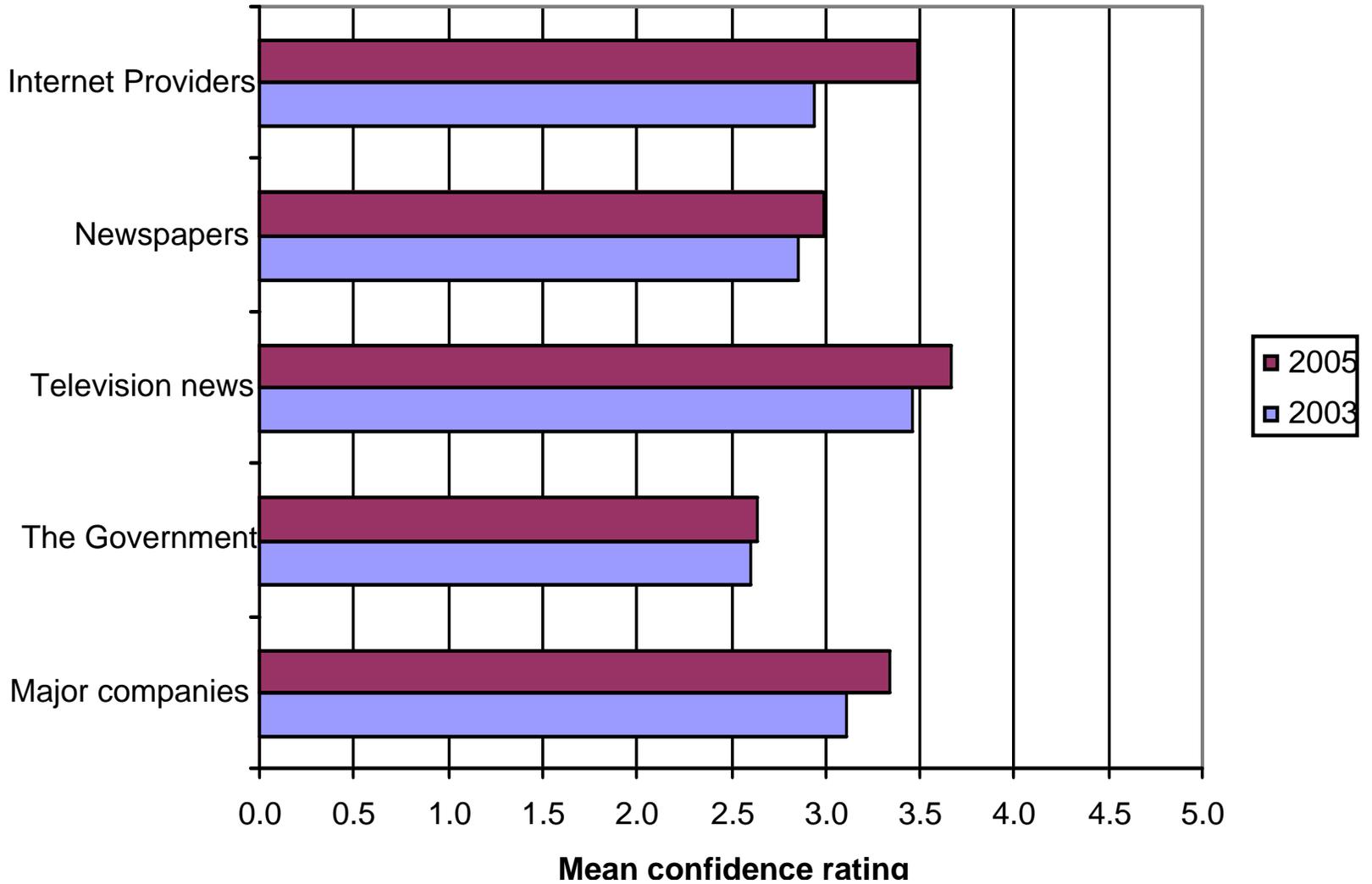


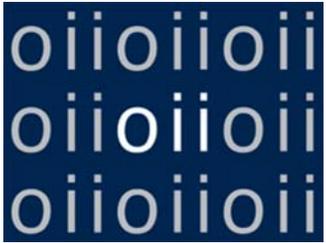
Uncertainty over Reliability of Information



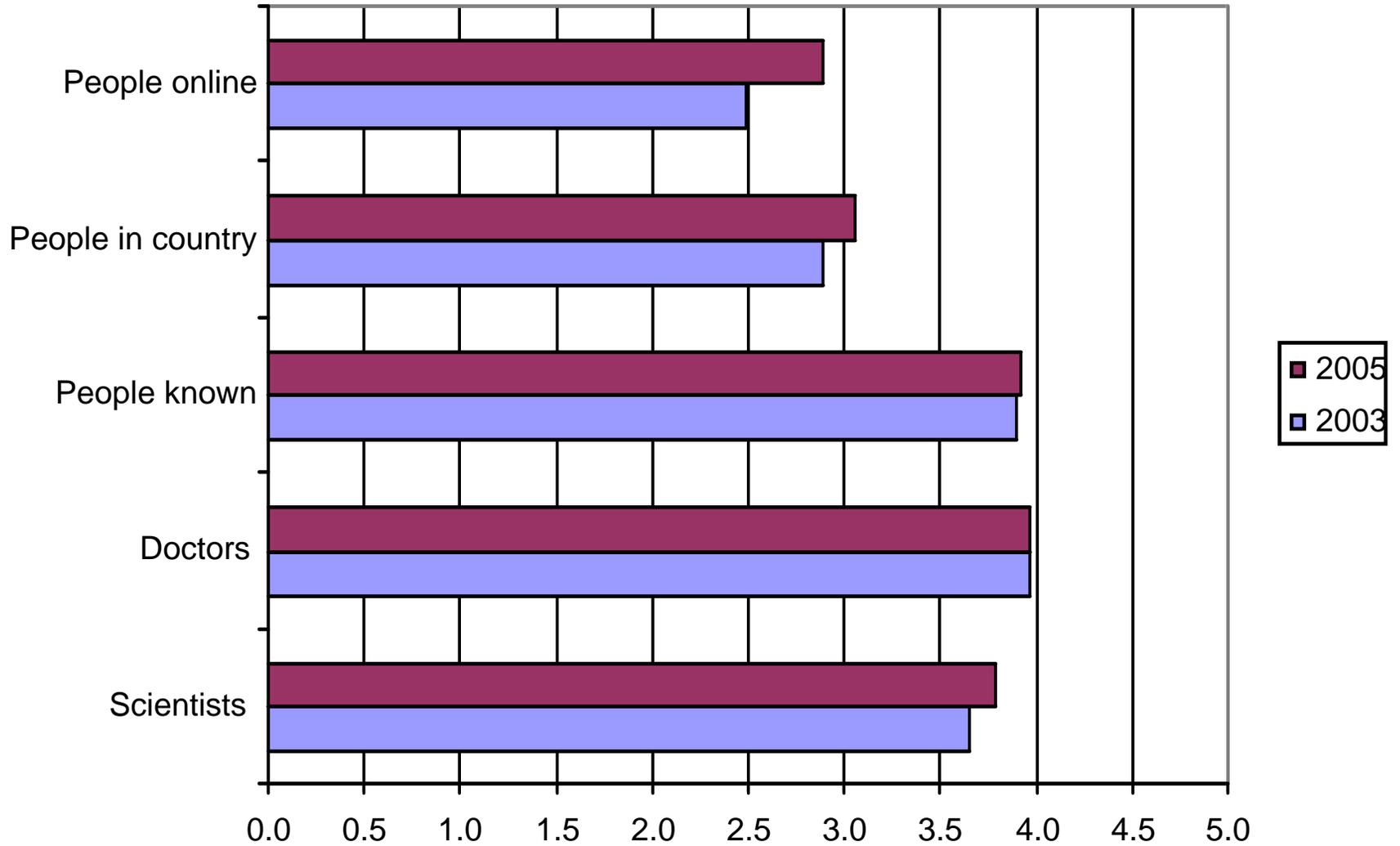


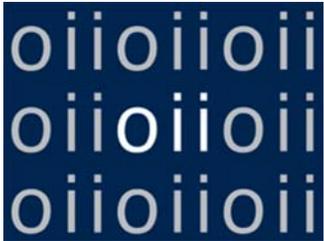
Confidence in Institutions



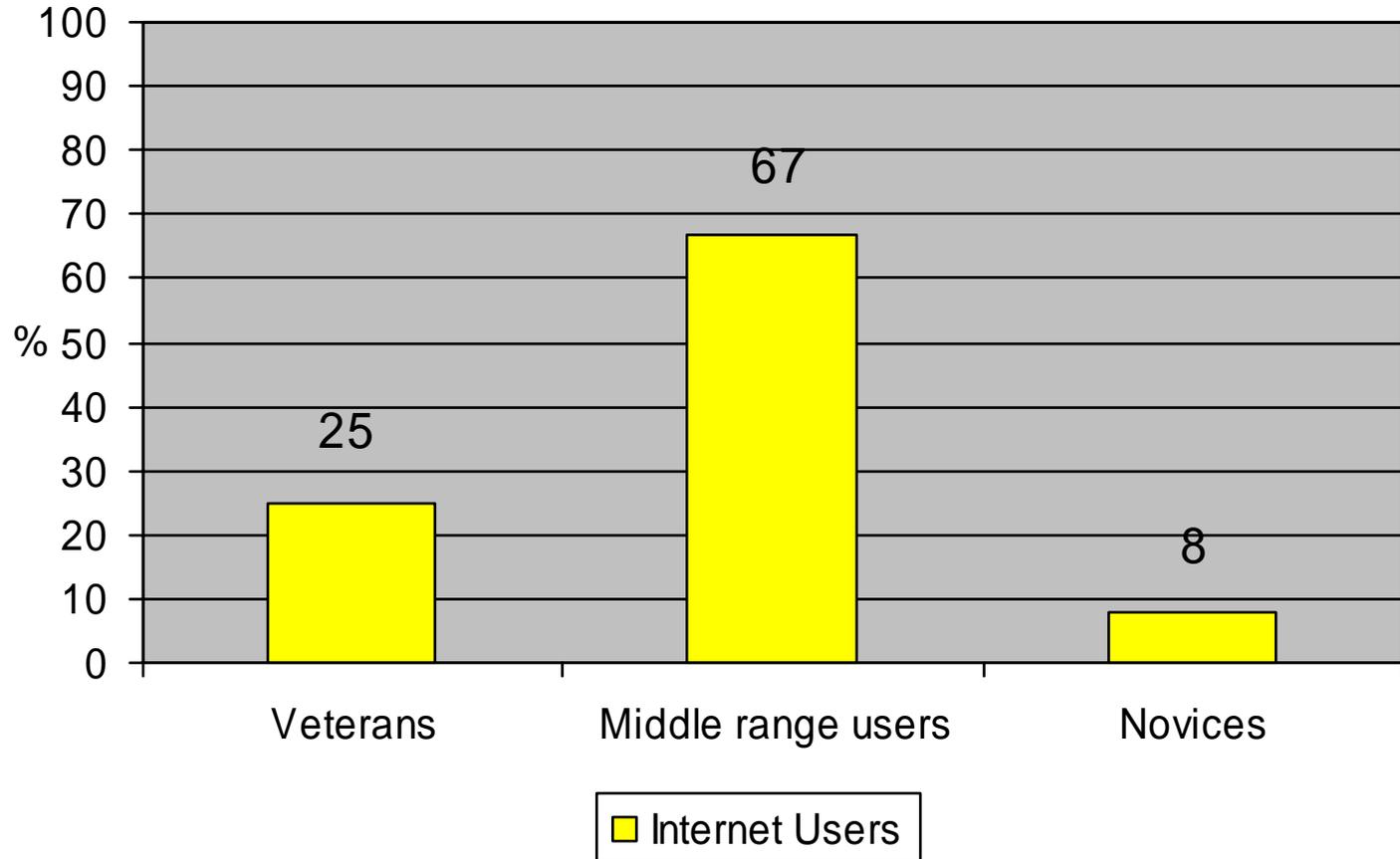


Confidence in People

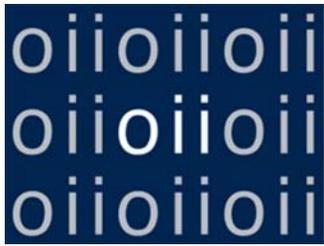




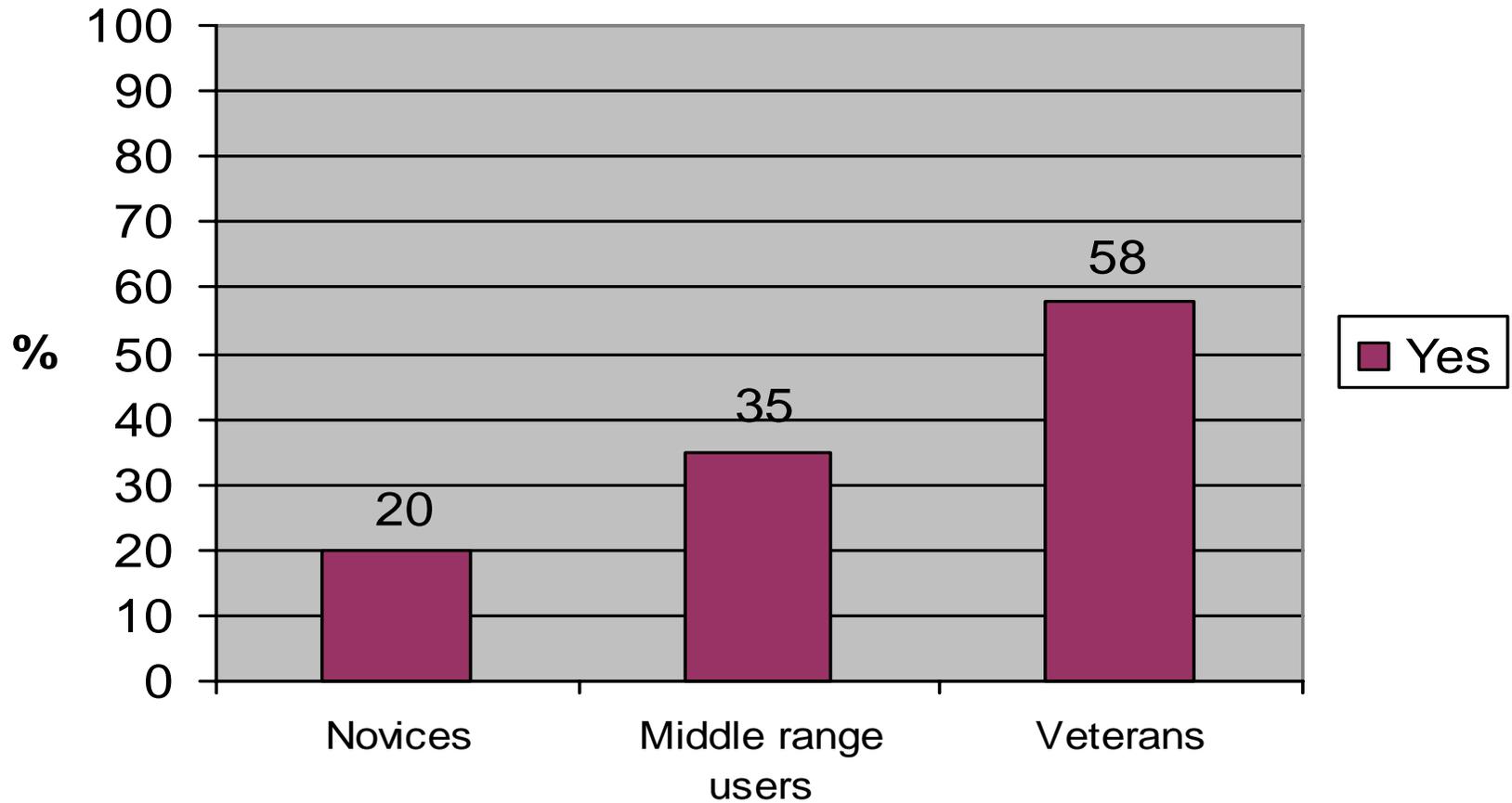
Internet Experience in Britain, 2005



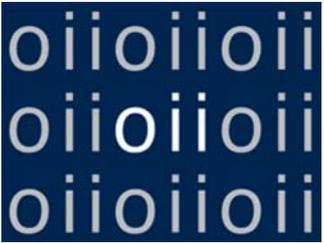
OxIS 2005: N = 1,309 (Current Internet Users)



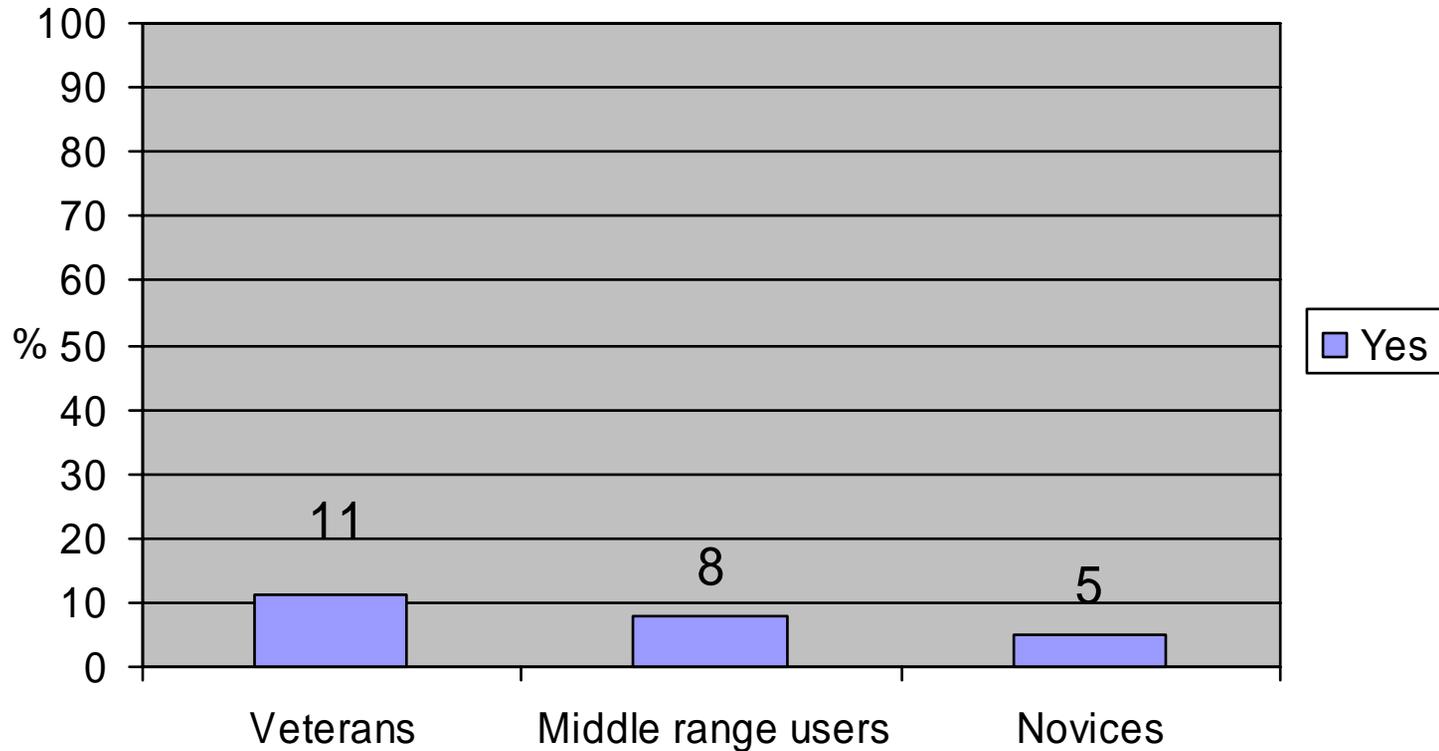
e-Government Use by Experience



OxIS 2005: N = 1,309 Current Internet Users



Paying Tax Online and Length of Use



OxIS 2005: N = 1,309 (Current Internet Users)



Need for Multidisciplinary Research



- Structure and Use of 'e-Government'
- Social, Legal and Institutional Dynamics
- Digital Divides and Choices
- Internet as an Experience Technology
- Trust in the Internet and eGovernment

